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ABSTRACT

This digest provides summary information from a major data collection effort involving a nationally representative survey of public or nonprofit institutions offering postsecondary occupational or technical education. The survey focused on the processes of curriculum and instructional decision making and student decision-making behavior. The 105 tables in the document are organized into five major categories: institutional characteristics and administration; linkages to external agencies; occupational programs and instruction; career guidance/placement office; and student characteristics. Within each major category, the tables are grouped by subject matter. The table of contents lists the order of 27 subjects within the five categories. Finally, an index to the digest can be used to find individual items of interest. All the tables present the data by institutional type and for the entire sample. Most of the data entries are unweighted means or frequency percentages. In other cases, rank orders of unweighted data are presented. The survey instruments are appended to the digest. (KC)

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STATISTICAL DIGEST OF POSTSECONDARY OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION AT PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

by

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1988

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INTRODUCTION

This digest provides summary information from a major data collection effort that was undertaken by the National Center for Research in Vocational Education (NCRVE) at The Ohio State University in February-June, 1987. Funded as part of the National Center's grant from the U.S. Department of Education Office of Vocational and Adult Education, the scope of work for this project, entitled "Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: Examination," called for a nationally representative survey of public or nonprofit institutions offering postsecondary occupational (or technical) education. The foci of the survey were (i) the processes of curriculum and instructional decision making (e.g., who is involved -- internally and externally, extent and effectiveness of private sector involvement, responsiveness/flexibility of the process) and (ii) student decision making behavior (e.g., why do students continue their education beyond high school, why are particular institutions chosen, why are programs chosen, sources and accuracy of information). This chapter of the digest provides technical information on the survey design and procedures, and describes the organization of the digest.

Data and Methods

Because of the wide variety of institutional configurations that offer programs that could be classified as postsecondary occupational education, a precise definition of the universe of interest had to be developed in order to conduct the survey. The rules that were applied are displayed in exhibit 1. These definitional rules were selected for many reasons. For instance—

- Proprietary institutions were excluded because of the large number of them (more than 3 times as many as public institutions) and because the focus of the study was on institutions receiving federal vocational education funds;
- o The universe was limited to institutions offering subbaccalaureate <u>programs</u> of at least 9 months and up to 2+ years in duration leading to a vocational certificate or associate's degree; and
- "Specialized programs"--flight/aviation, travel agency, religious programs, nurses/medical, avocational or hobby programs--and "specialized institutions"--Job Corps Centers, apprenticeship programs, penal institutions were excluded.



EXHIBIT 1

RULES FOR INCLUDING AN INSTITUTION IN THE UNIVERSE TO BE ANALYZED

- 1. In United States
- 2. Public or Nonprofit
- 3. Offers Associate degree or Vocational Certificate in applied field representing 1 or more but less than 4 years of work beyond grade 12 or equivalent
- 4. Exclude institutions that offer only specialized programs in the following areas:
 - -- Beauty/Barber/Cosmetology
 - -- Real estate/Banking/Finance
 - -- Flight/Aviation
 - -- Travel agent
 - -- Bible/Religion
 - -- Fine arts
 - -- Nursing/Medical technician
 - -- Miscellaneous (e.g., Boat building, Dog grooming, etc.)
- 5. Exclude institutions whose missions are not primarily education, such as the following:
 - -- Community based organizations
 - -- Apprenticeship programs
 - -- Job Corps centers
 - -- Vocational rehabilitation programs
 - -- Penal institutions



In general, all campuses from institutions were included, although in constructing the universe, some reliance was placed on judgements of state officials about this issue, so the listing may not be consistent with respect to its treatment of multiple campus institutions.

<u>Universe Listing</u>

Compiling the list of institutions meeting these definitional rules turned out to be difficult. To develop the list, two federal sources of data—a 1986 tape of the IPEDS universe and a 1982 document, 1982 Postsecondary Schools with Occupational Programs were compared. Between these two sources of data, there were a significant number of discrepancies—i.e. institutions on the tape but not in the document and vice—versa. To reconcile the lists, project staff contacted, by telephone, state agency personnel in all 51 states or jurisdictions. This process resulted in a list of 2,299 institutions. (The entire listing of this universe comprises appendix B to the project final report, Hollenbeck, et al., 1987.)

Sample Size

Sample size was calculated by the rules for proportional sampling—say, the proportion of institutions receiving Perkins funds or the percentage offering career exploration materials in a second language. The statistical formulas suggested that approximately 360 responses were required to be statistically accurate. With an assumed .50 response rate, the target sample size was set at 720.

Procedures

The survey design called for data from up to 20 respondents at each institution—the chief executive officer (CEO), the placement director, the chairpersons and two faculty from each of two occupational programs, and up to 12 students (three from classes taught by each of the 4 faculty.)

To achieve a random selection of programs and to control the selection process, a catalog or course offering brochure was requested by telephone from all sampled institutions. Programs to be included in the study would then be selected from these documents by project staff. A primary sample was selected with probability = .31 (720/2299). A supplemental 8 percent sample was selected to use as replacements for institutions in the primary sample that did not supply documents or that did not, in fact, belong to the population as defined. The primary sample numbered 725 institutions; the supplemental sample was 186 in number.



Ultimately, 99 of the 186 supplemental sample institutions were used to complete the sample. The geographic distributions of the primary sample and universe listing are given in exhibit 2.

Exhibit 2 categorizes the sample by type of institution using the following categories:

- o Community or Junior Colleges
- o Technical Institutes
- o Colleges/universities and branch affiliates

Community or Junior Colleges are defined as 2-year institutions that offer associate degree programs and have a substantial transfer mission. Technical Institutes have technical/occupational education as their primary or organizing mission and offer applied associate degrees or (more often) vocational certificates. The typical institution here is the area vocational-technical school that offers occupational and adult education programming. Colleges or universities and affiliates offer baccalaureate and higher degrees as their main emphasis, but typically have a small number of occupational programs that award an associate degree or vocational certificate. This category includes branch campuses with only 2-year programs (as long as one of those is a technical program.)

The brochures or catalogs from as many of the 725 (+186) institutions as would respond were retrieved, the occupational programs were listed by staff, and three programs from each institution were randomly selected. The first two selected were intended to be included in the study; the third was an alternative in case the institution no longer offered either of the first two programs selected.

After the selection of institutions and programs, the CEO of each institution was contacted to request institutional cooperation in the study. Each CEO was asked to name a liaison for the study with whom we would interact to distribute and collect the survey questionnaires, and the CEO was asked to complete a form that requested a listing of all (full-time and part-time) instructors in the two programs that had been selected. receiving approval from the CEO or his/her designee, project staff randomly selected two instructors from each of the two program areas. (While the expectation was to select a total of 4 instructors from each institution, anywhere from 1 to 4 instructors may have been selected because some institutions had only a single occupational program and some programs had only one instructor.) Sampling of the students was left to be implemented by the liaison and instructors. Instructions were provided to select randomly 3 students currently taking classes from each of the four instructors. Again, the potential number of student respondents ranged from 3 to 12.



EXHIBIT 2
SUMMARY DATA ABOUT POSTSECONDARY SAMPLE BY STATE

	Institution Type			
State	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Institutes	Colleges and Universities	Total Sample
Alabama	10 (24)	8 (24)	3 (7)	21
Alaska	(11)	0 (1)	0 (2)	6
Arizona	(2 <mark>2</mark>)	(0)	(0)	8
Arkar sas	(1 2)	7 (24)	3 (11)	15
California	43 (121)	(3)	(12)	47
Colorado	5 (16)	2 (8)	3 (5)	10
Connecticut	(17)	(17)	2 (9)	9
Delaware	2 (3)	(1)	(¹ ₂)	5
District of Columbia	0 (0)	(2)	0 (2)	1
Florida	14 (32)	13 (36)	(14)	31
Georgia	12 (25)	8 (29)	6 (14)	26
Hawaii	4 (7)	(0)	2 (4)	6
Idaho	0 (3)	(1)	(¹ ₃)	2
Illinois	20 (55)	(¹ 5)	3 (8)	24
Indiana	(19)	(2)	10 (28)	20
Iowa	(27)	(0)	2 (3)	11
Kansas	11 (24)	5 (14)	(13)	21
Kentucky	(14)	9 (27) ——————	(16)	14



EXHIBIT 2--Continued

	Institution Type			
State	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Institutes	Colleges and Universities	Total Sample
Louisiana	0 (7)	13 (53)	6 (15)	19
Maine	(¹ ₃)	0 (5)	0 (9)	1
Maryland	(1 9)	(1)	(3)	10
Massachusetts	(11 (34)	6 (25)	4 (11)	21
Michigan	15 (40)	(10)	7 (28)	25
Minnesota	(22)	15 (45)	2 (7)	24
Missouri	2 (16)	17 (39)	6 (20)	25
Mississippi	5 (28)	(°)	0 (3)	5
Montana	(1)	2 (5)	2 (4)	5
Nebraska	(1 4)	0 (1)	(8)	4
Nevada	3 (4)	(0)	0 (2)	3
New Hampshire	(7)	(¹ ₂)	7 (17)	11
New Jersey	9 (22)	6 (23)	6 (9)	21
New Mexico	1 (5)	(¹ 7)	0 (11)	2
New York	22 (58)	(²)	9 (30)	33
North Carolina	20 (65)	(1)	(10)	22
North Dakota	4 (6)	(0)	(6)	5
Ohio	10 (27)	(28)	12 (38)	27



EXHIBIT 2--Continued

	Institution Type			
State	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Institutes	Colleges and Universities	Total Sample
Oklahoma	(12)	9 (37)	(8)	15
Oregon	(13)	(O)	(1)	7
Pennsylvania	9 (27)	19 (54)	17 (53)	45
Rhode Island	0 (2)	(0)	2 (9)	2
South Carolina	7 (23)	(7)	2 (8)	9
South Dakota	0 (2)	(10)	(11)	5
Tennessee	5 (13)	9 (42)	(15)	19
Texas	22 (70)	(3)	(15)	28
Utah	(7)	(6)	(7)	6
Vermont	(4)	(O)	(1)	3
Virginia	(30)	(2 0)	(²)	11
Washington	11 (28)	(¹)	(2)	13
West Virginia	(²)	5 (22)	3 (14)	10
Wisconsin	7 (24)	(7)	1 (6)	9
Wyoming	(7)	(2)	(0)	3
TOTAL	377	188	159	725

NOTE: Number in parentheses is total population of institutions.



Questionnaire Development

Considerable time and effort were put into the development and testing of the six different questionnaires used in the survey. That development included several rounds of internal and external reviews and subsequent revisions and pilot testing at a number of institutions. The final results of these validity tests—the survey forms that were actually used—comprise the appendix to this digest.

Response Analysis

The survey instruments were extensive and, in parts, quite complex. Nevertheless, a response rate of about 60 percent was achieved, which is quite high for a voluntary mail survey. Responses from 432 institutions—377 administrators, 367 placement directors, 605 chairpersons, 1239 faculty, and 3330 students were received. Response rates were analyzed extensively in Hollenbeck et al., 1987. The analysis looked at institutional response (for how many institutions were there at least one response), intrainstitutional response (for responding institutions, how many of the 20 potential responses were actually received), and item response.

Some nonrandomness in the response was observed. Exhibit 3 shows institutional nonrespondents by region, state, and institution type. Relatively low response was received from institutions in the Northeast and among colleges/universities. Among respondents at institutions, the average response rate was about 5/6-the lowest rate was among students, about 70%. The programs that were sampled encompassed a wide variety of subject content and even a wide variety of names for the same subject content. The 1,993 programs that comprised the sample were classified into approximately 144 different subjects spanning 12 major categories. Exhibit 4 lists the programs from the total sample and from the respondents within these 12 categories.

In our judgment, item nonresponse was not a serious problem-the median response rate for all items was over 95%. Only a handful of items are suspect in terms of validity (items that had the poorest response were personal salary and job history information, and questions that required exact institutional or program data--e.g., budgets, enrollments, percentages).

Organization of the Digest

The tables in this digest are organized into five major categories as follows:



EXHIBIT 3

PRETITUTIONAL NONRESPONSES,
BY STATE, RESION, AND INSTITUTIONAL TYPE

	Inst	itution Type		
Region/State	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Institutes	Colleges and Universities	Total Non- Non- response spondents Rate
New England CT ME MA NH RI VT Middle Atlantic NU NY	8 (20) 1 (3) 1 (1) 4 (11) 2 (3) 0 (0) 0 (2) 14 (40) 4 (9) 8 (22)	7 (11) 4 (4) 0 (0) 3 (6) 0 (1) 0 () 16 (27) 3 (6) 1 (2)	7 (16) 0 (2) 0 (0) 3 (4) 3 (7) 1 (2) 0 (1) 21 (32) 5 (6) 6 (9)	22 (47) 46.8% 5 (9) 55.6 1 (1)100.0 10 (21) 47.6 5 (11) 45.5 1 (2) 50.0 0 (3) 0.0 51 (99) 51.5% 12 (21) 57.1 15 (33) 45.5
PA South Atlantic DE DC FL GA MD NC SC VA WV	2 (9) 25 (73) 1 (2) 0 (0) 6 (14) 4 (12) 2 (8) 10 (20) 1 (7) 0 (8) 1 (2)	12 (19) 6 (32) 0 (2) 0 (1) 3 (13) 0 (8) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (0) 0 (1) 3 (5)	8 (20) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (0) 2 (4) 2 (6) 0 (1) 0 (1) 1 (2) 1 (2) 2 (3)	13 (33) 43.3 24 (45) 53.3 39(125) 31.2% 1 (5) 20.0 0 (1) 0.0 11 (31) 35.5 6 (26) 23.1 2 (10) 20.0 10 (22) 45.5 2 (9) 28.6 1 (11) 9.1 6 (10) 60.0
East North Centr IL IN MI OH WI	<u>al</u> <u>29 (61)</u> 10 (20) 3 (9) 8 (15) 5 (10) 3 (7)	2 (11) 0 (1) 0 (1) 0 (3) 2 (5) 0 (1)	20 (33) 2 (3) 5 (10) 4 (7) 8 (12) 1 (1)	51(105) 48.6% 12 (24) 50.0 8 (20) 40.0 12 (25) 48.0 15 (27) 55.6 4 (9) 44.4
East South Centr AL KY MS TN	al 7 (23) 4 (10) 1 (3) 1 (5) 1 (5)	11 (26) 5 (8) 2 (9) 0 (0) 4 (9)	2 (10) 2 (3) 0 (2) 0 (0) 0 (5)	20 (59) 33.9% 11 (21) 52.4 3 (14) 21.4 1 (5) 20.0 5 (19) 26.3



EXHIBIT 3--Continued

	Inst	titution Type		
Region/State	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Institutes	Colleges and Universities	Total Non- Non- response spondents Rate
West North Central IA KS MN MO NE ND SD	13 (36) 2 (9) 5 (11) 3 (7) 1 (2) 1 (3) 1 (4) 0 (0)	13 (40) 0 (0) 1 (5) 4 (15) 7 (17) 0 (0) 0 (0) 1 (3)	14 (19) 1 (2) 5 (5) 2 (2) 3 (6) 1 (1) 0 (1) 2 (2)	40 (95) 42.18 3 (11) 27.3 11 (21) 52.4 9 (24) 37.5 11 (25) 44.0 2 (4) 50.0 1 (5) 20.0 3 (5) 60.0
West South Centr AR IA OK TX	8 (33) 3 (5) 0 (0) 2 (6) 3 (22)	10 (30) 2 (7) 4 (13) 4 (9) 0 (1)	6 (14) 0 (3) 2 (6) 0 (0) 4 (5)	24 (77) 31.2% 5 (14) 33.3 6 (19) 31.6 6 (15) 40.0 7 (28) 25.0
Mountain AZ CO ID MI NV NM UT WY	9 (22) 3 (8) 3 (5) 0 (0) 1 (1) 2 (3) 0 (1) 0 (2) 0 (2)	3 (9) 0 (0) 0 (2) 1 (1) 0 (2) 0 (0) 1 (1) 0 (2) 1 (1)	3 (8) 0 (0) 1 (3) 0 (1) 1 (2) 0 (0) 0 (0) 1 (2) 0 (0)	15 (39) 38.5% 3 (8) 37.5 4 (10) 40.0 1 (2) 50.0 2 (5) 40.0 2 (3) 66.7 1 (2) 50.0 1 (6) 16.7 1 (3) 33.3
Pacific AK CA HI OR WA	26 (70) 2 (6) 18 (43) 2 (4) 2 (6) 2 (11)	2 (2) 0 (0) 1 (1) 0 (0) 0 (0) 1 (1)	3 (7) 0 (0) 1 (3) 0 (2) 1 (1) 1 (1)	31 (79) 39.2% 2 (6) 33.3 20 (47) 42.6 2 (6) 33.3 3 (7) 42.9 4 (13) 30.8
TOTAL Nonresponse Rate	<u>139(377)</u> 36.9%	70(188) 37.2%	<u>84(159)</u> 52.8%	<u>293 (725)</u> 40.4%

NOTE: Number in parenthese is total sample. Entries not in parentheses are nonresponses.



EXHIBIT 4
SAMPLED PROGRAMS

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) Number in	(5)	(6)
Program	Number in Total Sample	Percentage	Responding	Percentage	Response Rate (4) - (2)
Agriculture	74	3.7%	45	3.8%	60.8%
Business	276	13.8	161	13.6	58.3
Secretarial Sciences	301	15.1	183	15.4	60.8
Distributive Sciences	73	3.7	43	3.6	58.9
Industrial Technologies	499	25.0	310	26.1	62.1
Engineering/ Electronics	204	10.2	116	9.8	56.9
Computer and Information Sciences	188	9.4	109	9.2	58.0
Occupational Home Economics	140	7.0	89	7.5	63.6
Health Sciences	30	1.5	21	1.8	70.0
Human/Social Sciences	170	8.5	89	7.5	52.4
Physical Sciences	23	1.2	12	1.0	52.2
Fine Arts	15	0.8	10	0.8	66.7
TOTAL '	1993	100.0	1188	100.0	59.6%



o Institutional Characteristics and Administration

o Linkage to External Agencies

- o Occupational Programs and Instruction
- o Career Guidance/Placement Office
- o Student Characteristics

Within each major category, the tables are grouped by subject matter. For example, within the category of Occupational Programs and Instruction are example subjects such as Chairpersons and Developmental Education. The table of contents lists the order of all of 16 subjects within each category. Finally, an index to the digest can be used to find individual items of interest.

All of the tables present the data by institutional type and for the entire sample. Most of the data entries are unweighted means or frequency percentages. In other cases, rank orders of unweighted data are presented. For readers interested in the precise wording of the questions, the surveys are appended to the digest.



I. INSTITUTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS AND ADMINISTRATION



TABLE I.1 ENRCLLMENT, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are enrollment means)

	Iı			
Program Type and Full- or Part-time Students	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Occupational programs Full-time Part-time	594.48 1,104.63	647.29 1,551.07	377.27 131.20	572.23 1,067.44
Transfer/general programs Full-time	659.89	25.86	964.59	513.94
Part-time	1,325.41	17.24	386.85	754.11

NOTE: Data are from the <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrative official survey supplement. Completed sample size is 342. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 176; technical institutes--105; and colleges and universities--59.



Institutional Characteristics

TABLE 1.2

OPERATING BUDGET CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are means)

	I			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Total operating budget	\$10,802,044	\$3,497,986	\$15,944,495	\$9,398,805
Source of funds Community/county	15.16%	13.33%	1.83%	12.27%
State	47.55	51.39	33.83	46.23
Federal	3.95	8.49	5.39	5.59
Tuition	17.31	14.17	36.78	19.67
Donations/gifts	0.92	1.66	5.20	1.88
Other	4.43	1.73	10.12	4.85
Uses of funds				
Instruction	46.71%	51.56%	38.05%	46.75%
Administration	11.81	11.62	13.10	11.99
Student services	9.15	6.78	8.64	8.35
Equipment	3.24	5.26	2.93	3.83
Facilities	7.27	7.86	9.78	7.91
Other	6.91	4.59	12.66	7.15

NOTE: Data are from the <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; An <u>Examination</u> project administrative official survey supplement. Completed sample size is 342. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 176; technical institutes--105; and colleges and universities--59.



TABLE 1.3

CHARACTERISTICS OF ADMINISTRATORS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION.

,	In	Institution Type				
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total		
Mean age	49.79	50.77	50.20	50.15		
Gender Female Male	14.59%	12.07%	12.50%	13.42%		
	85.41	87.93	87.50	86.58		
Ethnicity Black White	3.26% 92.39	4.35% 92.17	1.56% 95.31	3.31% 92.84		
Highest education level Masters Masters plus graduate	7.33%	11.11%	1.49%	7.47%		
work Ph.D	18.32 63.87	47.01 26.50	10.45 79.10	25.87 54.93		
Mean months in job	215.15	161.14	254.42	207.02		
Mean salary	\$36,789	\$34,108	\$36,132	\$35,719		

NOTE: Data pertain to chief administrative officer for occupational programs. Data from Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technica institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE 1.4

INVOLVEMENT OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR IN
INSTITUTIONAL DECISION MAKING, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are involvement rating scale means)

	Inst	itution Type			
Decision/Action	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Searches for administrative staff	4.79	4.64	4.78	4.74	4
Institution's calendar	4.62	4.68	4.45	4.61	6
Promotion/retention of faculty	4.66	4.74	4.70	4.69	5
Institution's mission	4.69	4.83	4.80	4.75	3
Budget	4.86	4.91	4.89	4.88	1
Instructor evaluation	4.26	4.74	4.20	4.41	9
Administrator evaluation	4.66	4.02	4.68	4.48	8
Grading standards	3.68	4.38	3.68	3.90	10
Prof. development activities	4.46	4.68	4.39	4.52	7
Facilities and equipment	4.70	4.86	4.75	4.76	2

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67. Involvement rating scale ranges from 1 = No involvement to 5 = High level of involvement.



TABLE I.5

INFLUENCE OF CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM AND DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are rating scale means; rank order in parentheses)

	I	Institution Type				
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total		
Establishing curriculum ^a	1.69 (2/11)	1.42 (3/11)	1.54 (2/11)	1.58 (2/11)		
Determining instructional approaches	2.04 (3/9)	1.64 (2/9)	1.91 (3/9)	1.89 (3/9)		
Establishing curriculumb	2.17 (3/11)	2.02 (3/11)	2.20 (2/11)	2.14 (3/11)		
Determining instructional approaches	2.48 (4/9)	2.06 (3/9)	2.57 (4/9)	2.39 (4/9)		

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Sample sizes are 377 and 605. Number of community and junior college respondents are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 167; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Influence rating scale ranges from 1 = A great deal to 4 = None.



aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey.

Board of Trustees (also Institutional Advisory Committee)

TABLE I.6

BOARD OF TRUSTEE CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean number of members	9.6	9.0	16.8	10.6
Mean number of elected by public	3.0	3.5	1.5	2.9
Mean number appointed by elected official	4.4	3.7	5.0	4.2
Mean number of business representatives	4.6	5.1	7.6	5.3
Mean number of labor representatives	0.5	0.7	0.4	0,5

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



Board of Trustees (also Institutional Advisory Committee)

TABLE I.7

NECESSITY OF BOARD OF TRUSTEE APPROVAL
FOR VARIOUS ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Iı	Institution Type				
Action	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total		
Discontinuation of a course offering	21.28%	46.02%	11.11%	27.05%		
Discontinuation of a program	73.02%	69.91%	56.67%	69.23%		
Establishing a new course offering	31.38%	56.14%	14.06%	35.87%		
Establishing a new program	88.89%	79.46%	74.60%	ხ _ ქ 3 %		
Faculty/staff services on a community board (e.g., PIC)	6.99%	20.72%	1.61%	10.28%		
Application for federal funds	44.09%	57.52%	25.42%	45.13%		
Hiring faculty	64.92%	68.42%	55.56%	64.23%		
Dismissing faculty	65.08%	66.67%	46.77%	62.40%		

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE I.8

INVOLVEMENT OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES IN
INSTITUTIONAL DECISION MAKING, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are rating scale means)

	I				
Decision/Action	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Searches for administrative staff	2.62	2.77	2.59	2.66	6
Institution's calendar	2.66	2.81	2.00	2.59	7
Promotion/retention of faculty	2.83	2.97	2.49	2.80	5
Institution's mission	4.32	4.01	4.41	4.24	1
Budget	3.85	3.69	3.94	3.83	2
Instructor evaluation	1.54	1.68	1.45	1.57	10
Administrator evaluation	2.62	3.24	2.90	2.85	4
Grading standards	1.80	2.05	1.48	1.82	9
Prof. development activities	2.20	2.47	1.93	2.24	8
Facilities and equipment	3.48	3.42	3.21	3.41	3

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67. Rating scale ranges from 1 = No involvement to 5 = High level of involvement.



TABLE I.9

INFLUENCE OF INSTITUTIONAL ADVISORY BOARD ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM AND DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are influence rating scale means; rank order in parentheses)

	I	Institution Type			
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Establishing curriculum ^a	2.08 (4/11)	1.62 (4/11)	2.32 (3/11)	1.58 (4/11)	
Determining instructional methods ^a	2.72 (6/9)	2.29 (5/9)	2.94 (6/9)	2.63 (6/9)	
Establishing curriculumb	2.26 (4/11)	2.03 (4/11)	2.73 (6/11)	2.29 (4/11)	
Determining instructional methods ^b	2.90 (6/9)	2.56 (6/9)	3.26 (6/9)	2.88 (6/9)	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; <u>An Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes are 117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Influence rating sca e ranges from 1 = A great deal to 4 = None.



aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey.

TABLE I.10

INSTITUTIONAL GOALS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND RESPONDENT

(Entries are rating scale means)

	Institution Type							
Goa1	Community and Junior Colleges		Technical Insti- tutes		Colleges and Universities		Total	
	Admin ^a	Chair ^b	Admin ^a	Chairb	Admina	Chairb	Admin ^a	Chairb
Prepare students to be good citizens	1.87	2.02	1.76	1.88	1.79	1.93	1.82	1.97
Develop basic skills	1.25	1.34	1.31	1.26	1.35	1.40	1.28	1.34
Develop students' abilities to solve prob- lems and think critically	1.45	1.49	1.47	1.36	1.35	1.30	1.44	1.42
Prepare students to be competent consumers	2.38	2.37	2.24	2.38	2.41	2.50	2.34	2.40
Prepare students for further schooling	1.54	1.92	2.29	2.31	1.97	1.97	1.85	2.03
Provide specific occupational training	1.26	1.47	1.04	1.28	1.64	1.86	1.26	1.50
Give students a broad general career preparation	1.68	1.87	2.12	2.06	1.54	1.59	1.80	1.87
Place students in jobs	1.69	1.78	1.17	1.32	1.77	1.93	1.54	1.69

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Importance rating scale ranges from 1 = Very important to 4 = Not at all important.

^aData from administrator survey. ^bData from chairperson survey.



TABLE I.11

RECENTLY IMPLEMENTED POLICY CHANGES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	stitution Typ	е	Total
Policy Change	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	
Tighter admission requirements	29%	34%	61%	36%
Assessment of all incoming students	90%	85%	91%	888
Stiffened grading standards	55%	37%	50%	48%
Retention of special need				
students	84%	63%	79%	76%
Merit pay	42%	32%	63%	43%
Formal recognition of good teaching	76%	70%	888	76%
Increased hiring	55%	52%	74%	58%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



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TABLE I.12 EXTENT OF OPEN ADMISSIONS INTO INSTITUTION AND INTO OCCUPATIONAL PROGRAMS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Admissions Policy	I	Institution Type			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Institutional admission requirements ^a , b	11 44				
Notie	11.66%	39.18%	3.51%	18.61%	
Open door	41.10%	20.62%	8.77%	29.02%	
Occupational programs with <u>no</u> admission					
requirements ^C	69.91%	54.65%	77.63%	67.08%	

NOTE: Data from Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination project administrator survey supplement and instructor survey. Completed sample sizes are 342 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 176 and 665; technical institutes--105 and 344; and colleges and universities--59 and 228.



^aData from administrator survey supplement.

b"None" and "Open door" were mutually exclusive response categories.

^CData from instructor survey.

TABLE I.13

AGREEMENT WITH STATEMENT THAT OPEN-ENTRY ADMISSIONS POLICY RESTRICTS CURRICULUM, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Statement/Respondent	I			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Share of respondents that agree that open-entry policy restrict program				
Administratorsa	9.63%	7.27%	11.48%	9.22%
Chairpersonsb	16.91%	11.61%	14.78%	15.16%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; An <u>Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117.



aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey.

TABLE I.14

ATTITUDINAL DATA CONCERNING THE INSTITUTIONAL CLIMATE,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of respondents that agree or strongly agree)

	Iı	nstitution Ty	pe	
Attitude	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
	It	nstructor Dat	aa	
Staff members don't have much "school spirit."	25.51%	18.02%	25.55%	23.39%
This institution seems like a big family.	39.94%	47.69%	48.68%	43.79%
There is very little cooperative effort among staff and among students.	10.75%	8.70%	13.27%	10.63%
A very positive "climate" exists.	59.03%	64.93%	65.79%	61.98%
	Student Datab			
The course work in this institution is more difficult than high school.	79.15%	61.78%	89.91%	75.64%
On average, the instructors seem to care a lot about students.	94.11%	94.76%	92.88%	94.04%
The students here have a lot of "school spirit."	54.01%	59.90%	56.79%	56.31%

NOTE: Date from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; An Examination project instructor and student surveys. Completed sample sizes are 1,239 and 3,330. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges at 665 and 1,733; technical institutes--344 and 1027; and colleges and universities--228 and 563.



aDa. 1 from instructor survey.

bData from student survey.

II. LINKAGES TO EXTERNAL AGENCIES



TABLE II.1 EXTENT OF EXTERNAL LINKAGES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Iı	pe		
External Linkage	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Provide teaching staff or other support for classes/programs off campus	82.70%	75.23%	50.79%	74.79%
Formally represented on a community-based economic development activity	86.41%	76.11%	82.54%	82.50%
Formally represented on a regional vocational · education planning committee	77.42%	77.19%	46.77%	72.10%
Formally represented on a PIC	66.49%	71.93%	28.81%	62.01%
Cooperative education programs Students enrolled in programs Students receiving credit	4.49% 4.96%	7.56% 9.23%	6.46% 8.42%	5.80% 6.90%
Articulation agreements Secondary students attend courses 2+2/tech prep Students take courses at secondary school	77.42% 28.57%	58.93% 15.32%	62.50* 6.35*	69.06% 20.51%
and get credit Students may receive postsecondary credit for prior courses in secondary school Co-located with	22.04%	13.27%	20.31% 37.10%	19.01% 54.39%
secondary	29.73%	26.13%	18.33%	26.69%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.2

PRIORITY FOR ESTABLISHING LINKAGES WITH VARIOUS ORGANIZATIONS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean rank ordering)

	I	nstitution Ty	pe		
Organization	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Organized labor	6.39	6.17	6.56	6.35	7
Military	6.47	6.78	5.59	6.45	8
Business/industry	2.16	1.74	1.96	1.99	1
Customized training	3.98	3.68	4.58	3.97	3
JTPA	4.66	4.38	5.68	4.72	6
Community based organizations Other postsecondary	4.18	4.41	3.88	4.20	5
institutions	3.79	4.76	3.33	4.03	4
Proprietary schools	7.34	7.31	5.89	7.05	9
Secondary schools	2.74	3.24	2.75	2.91	2

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.3

PROVISION OF FACILITIES OR INSTRUCTORS FOR EXTERNAL PROGRAMS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	pe	
External Program/Resource	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Students studying for GED Facilities only Instructors only Both Neither	12.77%	12.28%	18.33%	13.54%
	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.28
	55.85	60.53	20.00	51.38
	30.85	27.19	61.67	34.81
Adult noncredit classes Facilities only Instructors only Both Neither	3.72%	4.46%	3.08%	3.84%
	1.06	0.00	6.15	1.64
	84.57	83.04	67.69	81.10
	10.64	12.50	23.08	13.42
JTPA programs Facilities only Instructors only Both Neither	4.89%	8.04%	1.79%	5.40%
	1.09	0.89	3.57	1.42
	75.54	83.93	37.50	72.16
	18.48	7.14	57.14	21.02
CBO programs Facilities c 'y Instructors only Both Neither	20.43%	13.51%	20.34%	18.26%
	3.23	2.70	1.69	2.81
	52.69	53.15	38.98	50.56
	23.66	30.63	38.98	28.37
Customized training Facilities only Instructors only Both Neither	3.19%	5.36%	1.59%	3.58%
	3.72	0.89	7.94	3.58
	87.77	86.61	76.19	85.40
	5.32	7.14	14.29	7.44
Military training Facilities only Instructors only Both Neither	4.89% 3.80 15.22 76.09	1.80% 0.90 14.41 82.88	7.81% 7.81 23.44 60.94	4.46% 3.62 16.43 75.49
Apprenticeship programs Facilities only Instructors only Both Neither	4.92%	2.68%	0.00%	3.37%
	4.92	3.57	3.28	4.21
	44.81	41.96	29.51	41.29
	45.36	51.79	67.21	51.12

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior ollege respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universi-

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TABLE 11.4

INVOLVEMENT OF STATE AGENCY IN
INSTITUTIONAL DECISION MAKING, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are rating scale means)

	I	nstitution Ty	ре		
Decision/Action	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Searches for administrative staff	1.31	1.98	1.10	1.48	8
Institution's calendar	1.91	2.03	1.18	1.81	5
Promotion/retention of faculty	1.19	1.69	1.10	1.32	9
Institution's mission	2.77	3.41	2.22	2.87	2
Budget	2.78	3.39	2.50	2.91	1
Instructor evaluation	1.14	1.47	1.05	1.22	10
Administrator evaluation	1.33	2.15	1.17	1.56	6
Grading standards	1.35	1.81	1.33	1.49	7
Prof. development activities	1.81	3.12	1.34	2.14	4
Facilities and equipment	2.58	3.47	2.14	2.77	3

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes—117; and colleges and uriversities—67. Rating scale ranges from 1 = No involvement to 5 = High level of involvement.



TABLE II.5

INFLUENCE OF STATE EDUCATIONAL AGENCY ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM AND DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are influence rating scale means; rank order in parentheses)

	Ins			
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Establishing curriculuma	2.36 (6/11)	1.93 (5/11)	2.62 (8/11)	2.27 (5/11)
Determining instructional approaches	3.06 (7/9)	2.54 (7/9)	3.25 (7/9)	2.93 (7/9)
Establishing curriculumb	2.76 (7/11)	2.08 (5/11)	2.85 (7/11)	2.60 (6/11)
Determining instructional approaches	3.25 (7/9)	2.65 (7/9)	3.43 (7/9)	3.12 (7/9)

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>. An <u>Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Influence rating scale ranges from 1 = A great deal to 4 = None.

^aData from administrator survey.



bData from chairperson survey.

TABLE II.6

ARTICULATION AGREEMENTS WITH SECONDARY SCHOOLS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Agreement.	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Secondary students attend courses	77.42%	58.43%	62.50%	69.06%
2+2/tech prep	28.57%	15.32%	6.35%	20.51%
Postsecondary students take courses at secondary school and receive credit Students may receive postsecondary credit for	22.04%	13.27%	20.31%	19.01%
prior courses in secondary school	55.80%	61.82%	37.10%	54.39%
Co-located with secondary	29.73%	26.13%	18.33%	26.69%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institute--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.7

PRIORITY PLACED ON ESTABLISHING LINKAGES WITH SECONDARY SCHOOLS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean rank orders; rank order of means in parentheses)

Organization	Ins	Institution Type			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Secondary schools	2.74 (2/9)	3.24 (2/9)	2.75 (2/9)	2.91 (2/9)	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institute--117; and colleges and universities--67.



BUSINESS, INDUSTRY, AND LABOR
MEMBERSHIP ON INSTITUTIONAL BOARD OF TRUSTEES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Cha acteristic	Ins			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean number of business representatives	4.6	5.1	7.6	5.3
As a percentage of total membership	47.9%	56.7%	45.2%	50.0%
Mean number of labor representatives	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.5
As a percentage of total membership	5.2%	7.8%	2.4%	4.7%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.9

BUSINESS, INDUSTRY, AND LABOR
MEMBERSHIP ON PROGRAM ADVISORY COMMITTEES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Percentage of occupational programs with advisory committee	84.95%	94.97%	55.17%	81.82%
Mean number of business/ industry members	9.96	8.94	7.64	9.34
As a percentage of total membership	82.93%	86.38%	73.04%	82.73%
Mean number of organized labor members	0.88	1.16	1.00	0.98
As a percentage of total membership	7.33%	11.21%	9.56%	8.68%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges i. ?25; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE II.10

PRIORITY PLACED ON ESTABLISHING LINKAGES WITH BUSINESS, INDUSTRY, AND LABOR, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries in mean rank order, rank order of means in parentheses)

Organization	Ins	Institution Type			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Business/industry	2.16 (1/9)	1.74 (1/9)	1.96 (1/9)	1.49 (1/9)	
Customized training	3.98 (4/9)	3.68 (3/9)	4.58 (5/9)	3.97 (3/9)	
Organized labor	6.39 (7/9)	6.17 (7/9)	6.56 (9/9)	6.35 (7/9)	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.11

INSTRUCTOR CONTACT WITH EMPLOYERS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean number of contacts over past 3 years)

_	Ins			
Purpose of Contact	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Follow-up with employers about former students	1.23	1.76	1.02	1.34
Contacted employers to develop co-op learning sites	0.92	0.91	0.79	0.90

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE II.12

INFLUENCE OF BUSINESS, INDUSTRY, AND LABOR ON VARIOUS ASPECTS OF PROGRAMS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are influence rating scale means)

	It	nstitution Ty	pe		
Aspect	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Determining curriculum goals	3.27	3.50	2.83	3.25	3
Determining curriculum content	3.14	3.35	2.64	3.10	4
Assessing relevance of curriculum	3.33	3.60	2.77	3.30	1
Recommending programs to be offered	3.09	3.27	2.46	3.02	5
Providing learning or training sites	2.55	2.53	2.19	2.47	6
Identifying program changes needed due to technology	3.34	3.51	2.82	3.28	2
Providing equip/supplies	2.09	2.22	2.07	2.12	7
Affirmative action concerns	1.86	2.04	1.56	1.85	8

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228. Influence rating scale ranges from 1 - Very little to 5 - Considerable.



TABLE II.13

INFLUENCE OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM AND DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are influence rating scale means; rank order in parentheses)

	Ins	Institution Type			
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	and Junior Insti-		Total	
Establishing curriculum ^a	1.87 (3/11)	1.41 (2/11)	2.40 (5/11)	1.82 (3/11)	
Determining instructional approaches ^a	2.47 (5/9)	2.02 (4/9)	2.89 (5/9)	2.41 (5/9)	
Establishing curriculumb	1.80 (2/11)	1.76 (2/11)	2.40 (3/11)	1.90 (2/11)	
Determining instructional approaches ^b	2.64 (5/9)	2.38 (5/9)	3.11 (5/9)	2.67 (5/9)	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Influence rating scale ranges from 1 - A great deal to 4 - None.

aData from administrator survey.



bData from chairperson survey.

TABLE II.14

JTPA SERVICE PROVISION,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	In			
Resources Provided	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Facilities provided only	4.89%	8.04%	1.79%	5.40%
Instructors provided only	1.09	0.89	3.57	1.42
Both facilities and instructors	75.54	83.93	37.50	72.16
Neither	18.48	7.14	57.14	21.02
Institution formally represented on PIC	66.49%	71.93%	28.81%	62.01%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.15

ENROLLMENT OF JTPA CLIENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL PROGRAMS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Enrollment Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Share of students in program area that are JI?A clients as identified by chairpersons ^a	4.24%	11.73%	1.17%	5.65%
Share of students in occupational classes that are JTPA clients as identified by instructor ^b	5.33%	13.19%	1.74%	6.84%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665; technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--117 and 228.



 $^{^{\}mathrm{a}}\mathrm{Data}$ from chairperson survey. $^{\mathrm{b}}\mathrm{Data}$ from instructor survey.

TABLE II.16

PRIORITY PLACED ON ESTABLISHING LINKAGES WITH JTPA, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean rank ordering; rank order of means in parentheses)

Organization	Ins	Institution Type			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
JTPA	4.60 (5/9)	4.38 (4/9)	5.68 (7/9)	4.72 (6/9)	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE II.17

INFLUENCE OF JTPA/PIC ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM AND DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are influence rating scale means; rank order in parentheses)

	Ins	Institution Type			
Activity	Community Technic and Junior Inst.		Colleges and Universities	Total	
Establishing curriculum ^a	2.85 (9/11)	2.88 (9/11)	3.41 (9/11)	2.95 (9/11)	
Determining instructional approaches	3.18	3.23	3.60	3.27	
	(8/9)	(8/9)	(8/9)	(8/9)	
Establishing curriculum ^b	3.54	3.27	3.79	3.54	
	(9/11)	(9/11)	(10/11)	(9/11)	
Determining instructional approaches	3.62	3.47	3.86	3.62	
	(8/9)	(8/9)	(9/9)	(8/9)	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Influence rating scale ranges from 1 = A great deal for 4 = None.

 $^{\mathrm{a}}\mathrm{Data}$ from administrator survey. $^{\mathrm{b}}\mathrm{Data}$ from chairperson survey.



III. OCCUPATIONAL PROGRAMS AND INSTRUCTION



TABLE III.1

PROGRAM RESOURCE CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean enrollment in program (FTEs)	159.84	85.80	136.27	134.69
Mean instructional staff (FTEs)	8.36	5.92	7.23	7.49
Mean number of permanent, full-time instructors	4.67	4.60	5.26	4.76
Mean program budget	\$155,744	\$90,616	\$143,702	\$135,976
Mean Perkins funding	\$4,999	\$4,495	\$2,915	\$4,460
Mean JTPA funding	\$2,001	\$2,732	\$ 0	\$1,811

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162, and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.2

PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	Institution Type			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colieges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Type of degree awarded by program					
Vocational certificate	7.79%	60.49%	4.31%	21.37%	
Associate's degree	51.09	20.37	41.38	40.90	
Both vocational certificate and					
associate degree	38.94	3.70	9.48	23.71	
Other	2.18	13.58	44.82	13.53	
Mean number of courses					
Quarter system	23.38	21.32	28.23	23.43	
Semester system	18.35	13.52	22.14	18.87	
Mean number of students awarded degree/certificate					
in 1985-86	29.40	25.32	29.24	28.27	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.3

PROGRAM GOALS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of instructors who ranked goal as highest priority for program area)

	I	pe			
Goal	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Place students in training-related jobs	32.24%	42.17%	30.09%	34.62%	2
Provide competencies needed to secure jobs	47.20	47.32	44.70	46.78	1
Place students, regardless of training- relatedness	2.51	2.15	2.31	2.37	8
Enhance career awareness	7.34	7.25	8.76	7.58	6
Provide opportunities for career exploration	16.67	21.88	16.13	18.01	3
Help students develop work ethic	12.44	15.52	14.75	13.72	4
Reinforce basic academic skills	8.58	7.55	9.26	8.42	5
Promote access/equity	5.70	6.75	3.26	5.54	7

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; <u>An Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institues--344; and colleges and universities--228.



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TABLE III.4

PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CHAIRPERSONS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	In	Institution Type			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Mean age	47.69	47.27	48.91	47.82	
Gender Females	28.53%	28.30%	29.87%	26.98%	
Males	71.47	71.70	79.13	73.02	
Ethnicity Black	3.14%	5.70%	4.35%	4.06%	
White	91.82	93.04	93.91	92.55	
Other	5.04	1.26	1.74	3.39	
Highest degree Doctorate	16.39%	6.56%	47.79%	20.79%	
Master's	67.56	56.56	41.59	59.55	
Bachelor's	13.04	30.33	8.85	16.10	
Associate	3.01	6.56	1.77	3.56	
Mean salary	\$48,358	\$25,867	\$30,024	\$38,864	
Mean tenure (months)	130.95	124.75	115.73	126.26	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.5

TRAINING CHARACTERISTICS OF CHAIRPERSONS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	In			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Highest degree Doctorate	16.39%	6.56%	47.79%	20.79%
Master's	67.56	56.56	41.59	59.55
Bachelor's	13.04	30.33	8.85	16.10
Associate	3.01	6.56	1.77	3.56
Special training in Teaching the handicapped	25.08%	37.50%	16.52%	26.63%
Working with LEP students	7.67%	10.88%	7.83%	8.52%
Teaching dropout prone students	28.03%	37.58%	14.78%	27.85%
Working with students in nontraditional programs	28.53%	35.17%	20.00%	28.50%
Teaching basic skills (reading, math)	54.89%	64.86%	46.09%	55.69%
Addressing needs of single parents	14.65%	25.17%	6.96%	15.80%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.6

INSTRUCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHAIRPERSONS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	Institution Type			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Mean number of courses taught during academic year					
Quarter system	8.90	8.47	8.96	8.77	
Semester system	6.14	4.65	5.88	5.94	
Mean class size	20.22	17.50	21.69	19.84	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.7

TIME SPENT BY CHAIRPERSONS ON JGB DUTIES OTHER THAN INSTRUCTION, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean hours/week)

	In	stitution Typ	e	
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Office hours	9.34	6.85	10.86	8.98
Administrative paperwork	8.02	5.66	8.06	7 42
Class preparation	6.54	4.90	8.02	6.4
Student counseling for personal problems	2.90	2.82	3.30	2.98
Student counseling for career concerns	3.34	2.62	3.78	3.22
Tutoring/working with special needs students	2.35	2.08	2.05	2.23
Contacting employers	1.48	2.20	1.25	1.63
Undertaking research	1.23	1.80	1.55	1.45
Extracurricular activities	1.23	0.93	1.13	1.13
Work self-employed	1.20	1.40	0.93	1.20
Working for pay outside institution	0.38	0.68	0.90	0.55
Background reading in subject	4.14	4.18	4.22	4.18
Other background reading	2.30	2.48	2.62	2.40
Develop instructionaí activities or materials	1.73	1.85	1.48	1.70
Additional professionaí training	1.90	2.30	1.70	1.95
Totals	48.08	42.75	51.85	47.44

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: A Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.8

PROGRAM ADVISORY BOARD CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Share of programs with advisory board	84.95%	94.97%	55.17%	81.82%
Mean membership (if there is a board)	12.01	10.35	10.46	11.29
Meeting frequency Once/month Not as often as once/	1.50%	0.68%	€00.00	1.05%
month but on regular basis Once/year Only as needed	41.35 43.98 13.16	52.70 37.16 9.46	39.68 41.27 19.05	44.65, 41.51 12.79
Mean members from business, industry	9.96	8.94	7.64	9.34
Mean organized labor members	0.88	1.16	1.00	0.98

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Complete sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.9

IMPORTANCE OF PROGRAM ADVISORY COMMITTEE AS SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOR CURRICULUM, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	Institution Type			
Importance Indicator	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total,	Rank
Mean importance rating of advisory committee as source of information for curriculum development ^a	3.69	3.86	3.02	3.61	1 ^b
Share of instructors who report working with an advisory committee in course preparation or curriculum development	50.80%	64.48%	43.11%	53.43%	NA

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; An <u>Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.

^aImportance rating ranges from 1 - None to 5 · A great deal.



bOther sources of information ranked lower were employer surveys, state's vocational education plan, state occupational information coordinating committee, and Employment Service.

TABLE III.10

INSTRUCTOR CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ir	Institution Type			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Mean age	45.18	44.89	45.68	45.19	
Gender Females Males	36.95% 63. 0 5	28.65% 71.35	31.28% 68.72	33.60% 66.40	
Ethnicity Black White Native American Asian Hispanic Other	4.38% 90.03 0.30 2.11 2.27 0.19	4.73% 91.72 0.00 0.59 1.18 1.78	5.38% 91.48 0.90 1.79 0.00 0.45	4.66% 90.76 0.33 1.64 1.55 1.06	
Highest level of education High school Some college Associate's Bacheler's Some graduate Master's Master's plus Doctorate	1.51% 6.49 9.80 6.49 14.78 17.19 36.95 6.79	6.19% 20.94 9.14 15.04 19.47 12.09 15.63 1.47	0.88% 3.08 2.64 3.08 7.49 22.91 33.92 25.99	2.69% 9.85 8.30 8.22 14.73 16.34 30.51 8.87	
fean length in current job	110.66	102.35	103.73	106.96	
lean salary	\$32,458	\$28,365	\$26,576	\$30,200	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE III.11

TRAINING CHARACTERISTICS OF INSTRUCTORS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tuces	Colleges and Universities	Total
Highest level of				
education High school	1 510			
Some college	1.51%	6.19%	0.88%	2.69%
Associate's	6.49	20.94	3.08	9.85
Bachelor's	9.80 6.49	9.14	2.64	8.30
Some graduate	14.78	15.04	3.08	8.22
Master's	14.78	19.47	7.49	14.73
Master's plus	36.95	12.09	22.91	16.84
Doctorate	6.79	15.63 1.47	33.92	30.51
	0.75	1.47	25.99	8.87
Mean number of courses				
taken in subject area				
Undergraduate	3.81	3.56	3.54	3.69
Graduate	3.12	2.50	3.13	2.98
Special training in				
Teaching the handicapped	35.37%	37.76%	19.47%	33.09%
Working with LEP students	13.34%	13.65%	11.06%	13.00%
Teaching disadvantaged	-		22.000	13.00%
or at-risk students	32.93%	40.65%	27.43%	34.04%
Working with students in				34.040
programs nontraditional			Į ,	
for their sex	32.06%	41.25%	28.25%	33.91%
Teaching basic academic				55.718
skills (reading, etc.)	70.99%	79.3 0 %	67.11%	72.61%
Addressing needs of				,2,010
single parents	22.31%	25.30%	16.07%	21.98%
Addressing needs of			-3.5.0	21.700
older students	40.55%	46.0/-	36.61%	41.36%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE III.12

INSTRUCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF FACULTY,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Characteristic	Ins			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean number of courses taught during 1986-87		•		
Quarter system	8.85	6.41	8.19	7.78
Semester system	6.38	4.34	6.43	6.18
Mean contact hours per week	17.05	22.69	14.48	18.15
Mean class size	19.30	17.18	20.36	18.90
Percentage of instructors who taught in different				
departments in last 2 years	22.78%	20.88%	26.99%	23.03%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE III.13 TIME SPENT BY INSTRUCTORS ON JOB DUTIES OTHER THAN INSTRUCTION, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean hours/week)

	In	stitution Typ	е	
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Office hours	6.22	3.62	6.58	5.58
Administrative paperwork	3.22	3.26	3.10	3.18
Class preparation	8.06	6.14	9.14	7.74
Student counseling for personal problems	2.43	2.10	2.45	2.35
Student counseling for career concerns	2.66	2.13	2.58	2.45
Tutoring/working with special needs' students	2.74	2.45	2.43	2.62
Contacting employers	1.30	1.78	0.93	1.35
Undertaking research	1.70	2.08	2.05	1.88
Extracurricular activities	1.28	1.10	1.48	1.25
Work-self-employed	1.93	2.05	1.80	93
Working for pay outside institution	1.70	1.65	1.35	1.63
Background reading in subject	4.54	4.38	4.50	4.50
Other background reading	1.98	1.95	1.93	1.95
Develop instructional activities or mater als	1.83	1.90	1.33	1.78
Additional professional training	2.73	2.43	1.93	2.23
Totals	44.32	39.02	43.58	42.42

NOTE: Data from Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination project instructor survey. Complete sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and jurior colleges is 665; technical institutes -- 344; and colleges and universities 228.

TABLE III.14

DETERMINANTS OF FACULTY SALARIES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND RESPONDENT

(Entries are rankings of factor in terms of influence)

				Insti	tution '	Туре			
Factor		mmunity ior Coll					olleges and niversities		
	Admin ^a	Chair ^b	Facultyc	Admin ^a	Chairb	Facultyc	Admina	Chairb	Faculty
Quality of teaching	6	6	6	4	5	5	3	3	4
Professional activities	7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	5
Community service	8	8	8	9	8	9	7	7	8
Collective bargain- ing agreement	5	5	5	5	4	4	10	10	9
Employer interaction	9	9	9	8	9	8	ġ.	9	10
Years at institution	2	3	3	1	2	3	5	4	3
Full-time or part- time status	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	2	2
Number of courses	4	4	4	6	6	6	8	6	6
Educational level	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Research activities	10	10	10	10	10	10	6	8	7

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u> <u>An Examination project</u> administrator, chairperson, and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377, 605, and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191, 326, and 665; technical institutes--117, 162, and 344; and colleges and universities--67, 117, and 228.



^aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey.

CData from instructor survey.

TABLE III.15

PART-TIME FACULTY ISSUES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Tn	stitution Typ		
		e		
Issue 	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean number of part-time instructional staff per department ^b				
Permanent, part-time Temporary, part-time Total, part-time As a percentage of total	2.63 <u>5.24</u> 7.87	1.22 <u>1.89</u> 3.11	0.92 <u>3.26</u> 4.18	1.92 <u>3.96</u> 5.88
staff 	58.04%	38.54%	43.41%	51.90%
Mean influence rating ^d of part-time c_ full-time status on faculty salaries (ranking in parentheses) as reported by Administrators ^a	1.41 (1/10)	1.64 (3/10)	1.61 (2/10)	1.52 (1/10)
Chairpersons ^b	1.34 (1/10)	1.94 (2/10)	1.69 (2/10)	1.57 (1/10)
Faculty ^c	1.59 (1/10)	1.86 (2/10)	1.80 (2/10)	1.70 (1/10)
Percentage of respondents that feel part-time instructors constrain effective instruction				
Administrators ^a	11.64%	22.12%	20.00%	16.35%
Chairpersonsb	28.86%	20.65%	29.66%	26.95%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postseconda</u>— <u>Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrator, chairperson, and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377, 605, and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191, 328, and 665; technical institutes--117, 167, and 344; and colleges and universities--67, 117, and 278.

dInfluence rating scale ranges from 1 = A great deal to 4 = None.



aData from idministrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey. CData from instructor survey.

TABLE III.16

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT AND TENURE SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	1	astitution Ty	ype		
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Full-time instructional staff under collective bargaining ^a	46.70 չ	41.23%	16.67%	39.56%	
Instructors covered by collective bargaining ^c	43.58%	37.83%	19.25%	37.33€	
Mean influence rating ^d of collective bargaining on faculty salaries (ranking in parenthesis) as reported by Administrators ^a	2.61 (5/10)	2.83 (5/10)	3.44 (10/10)	2.83 (6/10)	
Chairpersonsb	2.48 (5/10)	2.77 (4/10)	3.49 (10/10)	2.76 (6/10)	
Faculty ^c	2.60 (5/10)	2.93 (4/10)	3.26 (9/10)	2.82 (5/10)	
Full-time teaching staff under tenure system ^a	59.63%	58.63%	71.07%	61.30%	
Teaching staff with tenure ^a	49.33%	48.86%	43.90%	48.00%	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator, chairperson, and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377, 605, and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191, 326, and 665; technical institutes--117, 162, and 344; and colleges and universities--67, 117, and 228.



^aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey.

CData from instructor survey.

 $d_{Influence}$ rating ranges from 1 = A great deal to 4 = None.

TABLE III.17

FACULTY PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS AND BUDGETS,
BY INSTITUTION TYPE

	Ins	a	Total	
evelopment requirement or faculty ^a ean professional develop- ent budget ^a	Community and Junior Colleges	d Junior Insti-		
Programs with professional development requirement for faculty ^a	30.31%	54.19%	24.56%	35 48%
Mean professional develop- ment budget ^a	\$975	\$2,339	\$3,108	\$1,809
Instructor agreement with the statement that staff have wany opportunities for in-service training ^b	53.20%	66.96%	46.49%	55.85%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665; technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--117 and 228.

 $^{\rm a}{\rm Data}$ from chairperson survey. $^{\rm b}{\rm Data}$ from instructor survey.



TABLE III.18

INVOLVEMENT OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF IN INSTITUTIONAL DECISION MAKING, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are rating scale means)

	Ins	titution Type			<u> </u>
Decision/Action	Comunity and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Tota	Rank
Searches for administrative staff	3.36	2.35	3.14	3.02	9
Institution's calendar	3.35	3.16	3.24	3.27	8
Promotion/retention of faculty	3.92	2.75	4.55	3.68	7
Institution's mission	3.93	3.84	4.03	3.92	5
Budget	3.94	3.55	3.76	3.79	6
Instructor evaluation	4.24	3.20	4.42	3.95	4
Administrator evaluation	2.72	2.31	2.77	2.61	10
Grading standards	4.73	4.32	4.76	4.61	1
Professional development activities	4.41	4.12	4.40	42	2
Facilities and equipment	4.15	4.13	4.02	4.11	3

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrator survey. Sample size is 377. Number of community and junior college respondents is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67. Rating scale ranges from 1 = No involvement to 5 = High level of involvement.



TABLE III.19

CURRICULUM CONTENT OF PROGRAMS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of the respondent's program that addresses the content area)

	Ins	e		
Content Area	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Specific occupational skills	56.49%	68.92%	47.37%	58.05%
General/transferable skills	20.99	17.64	20.02	19.91
Basic academic skills	19.63	1 <i>€ .</i> 93	21.02	19.18
Employability skills	8.01	10.62	5.22	8.17

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.20

INFLUENCE OF VARIOUS PEOPLE OR ORGANIZATIONS ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND RESPONDENT

(Entries are rankings of influence)

		In	stituti	on Type				
People/Organizations	Community and Junior Colleges		Technical Insti- tutes		Colleges and Universities		Total	
	Admina	Chairb	Admina	Chairb	Admina	Chairb	Admina	Chairb
Chief administrative offi er	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
Department's staff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other departments' staff	5	8	7	8	3	8	6	8
Parents	11	11	10	11	9	9	11	11
Students	8	6	8	7	6	5	8	7
Institution's advisory board	4	4	4	4	3	6	4	4
Faculty union/association	10	10	11	10	11	11	10	10
Business and industry	3	2	2	2	5	3	3	2
JTPA/PIC	9	9	9	9	9	îo	9	9
State educational agencies	6	7	5	5	8	7	5	6
Former students	7	5	6	6	7	4	7	5

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator and chairperson surveys. Sample sizes are 377 and 605. Number of community and junior college respondents are 191 and 306; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117.



aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairpersons on survey.

TABLE III.21

SOURCES OF INFORMATION FOR CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I.				
Source	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Mean importance rating ^a for sources of inform- ation for curriculum development State's vocational education plan State occupational information coordinating committee Employment service Advisory committee Surveys of employers	2.76 2.29 2.09 3.69 3.50	2.67 2.27 3.86 3.68	2.15 1.80 1.63 3.02 2.97	2.87 2.30 2.06 3.61	3 4 5 1
Share of instructors that would use following resources to update program State instructional materials lab Curriculum coordination center Educational publishers Commercial publishers R&D agencies Local materials	48.74% 54.55% 64.81% 91.32% 57.75% 90.88%	59.45% 56.13% 65.33% 90.96% 58.82% 94.91%	37.85% 41.31% 61.03% 94.47% 61.68% 90.74%	3.45 49.74% 52.57% 64.26% 91.79% 58.77% 91.98%	6 5 3 2 4 1

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



almoortance rating scale ranges from 1 = None to 5 = A great deal.

TABLE III.22

INVOLVEMENT OF PLACEMENT OFFICE IN CURRICULUM DECISION-MAKING,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	Institution Type					
Involvement	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total			
Institutions in which placement office gets involved in curricular decision making							
Never happens	16.67%	13.89%	26.76%	17.87%			
Occurred on a few	1						
occasions	32.14	33.33	36.62	33.43			
Occurred several times	27.38	23.15	18.31	24.21			
Occurs regularly	23.81	29.63	18.31	24.50			

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



TABLE III.23

INSTRUCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	In	stitution Typ	e	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean importance rating ^a of grading criteria. Absolute level of achievement Relative achievement	3.35 2.52	3.40 2.48	3.49 2.65	3.39 2.53
Individual improvement Effort Class participation	3.15 3.27 3.04	3.37 3.50 3.31	2.87 2.92 2.85	3.16 3.26 3.08
Mean number of major exams/grading period	3.16	3.33	3.05	3.19
Mean number of quizzes	3.30	4.66	3.20	3.50
Composition of exams Objective Subjective Demonstrations	48.05% 20.11 31.30	9.37% 15.03 40.26	52.58% 24.35 22.83	46.70% 19.52 32.24
Mean percentage of students that instructors formally recognize for performance in a typical class during a grading period	17.04%	33.99%	11.09%	21.06%
Percentage of instructors that receive student evaluations	90.30%	74.85%	94.71%	86.82%
Mean rating of usefulness of student evaluations b	2.99	3.04	2.90	2.98
Mean number of class periods missed in past 12 months	1.90	2.18	2.70	2.12

MOTE; Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.

^aImportance rating scale ranges from 1 = Not important to 4 = Very important. bUsefulness rating scale ranges from 1 = Not useful to 4 = Very useful.



TABLE III.24

ASSIGNMENTS AND CLASS TIME USAGE CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	In	Institution Type						
Charr eristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Univer ties	Total				
Mean number of writing assignments during grading period	2.54	1.94	3.02	2.46				
Typical number of hours/ week spent on basic								
Reading skills	0.82	1.06	0.62	0.84				
Math skills	1.11	1.65	0.90	1.21				
Class time spent on Maintenance activities	7.79%	9.98%	5.44%	7.96^				
Instruction	52.59	37.55	64.14	50.59				
Student practice	39.38	51.78	30.04	41.06				

NOTE; Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE III.25

INFLUENCE OF VARIOUS PEOPLE OR ORGANIZATIONS ON INSTRUCTIONAL METHOD, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND RESPONDENT

(Entries are rankings of influence)

		In	stituti	on Type				
People/Organization	Community and Junior Colleges		In	hnical Colleges and utes "hiversitie		ď		tal
	Admina	Chairb	Admina	Chairb	Admina	Chairb	Admina	Chairb
Chief administrative officer	3	4	2	3	3	4	3	4
Department chair	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2
Instructors	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Students	4	3	6	4	4	3	4	3
Advisory board	6	6	5	6	6	6	б	6
Faculty union/association	9	9	9	9	9	8	9	9
Business and industry	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5
JTPA/PIC	8	8	8	8	8	9	8	8
State agencies	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson survey. Completed sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117.



a)ata from administrator survey. bData from chairperson survey.

TABLE III.26

AVAILABILITY OF DEVELOPMENTAL EDUCATION,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Type of Developmental Class	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Share of institutions that offer				
Developmental reading	91.56%	81.82%	83.78%	87.46%
Developmental math	92.92%	85.20%	86.94%	89.69%
Pre-tech courses	47.00%	48.77%	44.39%	47.02%
Individualized counseling	79.02%	74.55%	78.54%	77.68%
Special tutoring	88.17%	67.27%	86.04%	82.04%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE III.27

ENROLLMENT IN DEVELOPMENTAL EDUCATION CLASSES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of students that ever enroll)

	Ins	stitution Typ	e		
Course	Community Technical and Junior Insti-Colleges tutes		Colleges L.d Universities	Total	
Developmental course in reading	14.12%	11.15%	13.42%	13.19%	
Developmental cours: in math	14.74%	17.04%	17.82%	15.95%	
Pre-tech course	3.75%	5.14%	. 3.52%	4.08%	
Individualized counseling/ follow-through	15.76%	15.22%	14.34%	15.34%	
Specialized tutorial assistance	10.91%	8.80%	13.08%	10.76%	

NOTE: Data from <u>Fost secondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for, community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.28

STUDENT REPORTS OF ENROLLMENT IN DEVELOPMENTAL EDUCATION CLASSES,
PY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentages of students that ever enroll)

	Ins			
Course	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Development 1 English	39.45%	34.50%	44.44%	38.84%
Developmental math	36.50%	44.61%	38.12%	39.27%
A course on how to study	12.43%	11.49%	14.53%	12.55%
Pre-tech course	11.64%	8.71%	17.47%	11.799
Career awareness course	28.35%	44.64%	23.03%	32.44%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027: and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE III.29

COOPERATIVE EDUCATION ENR)LLMENT, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of students)

	I I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Program	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Enrollment in cooperative education programs ^a	4.49%	7.56%	6.46%	5.80%
Participation in internship or cooperative education programs ^b	14.48%	11.39%	12.84%	13.25%
Participation in exploratory work experience programs ^C	15.59%	19.71%	32.75%	20.14%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator, placement director, and student surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377, 367, and 3,330. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191, 175, and 1,733; technical institutes--117, 110, and 1,027; and colleges and universities- 67, 73, and 563.

^aData from administrator survey. Question referred to "enrollment" in 1986-87 and used term "cooperative occupational program." Base includes both occupational education and transfer students.

bData from student survey. Question referred to "participation" in current grading period and used term "internship or cooperative education program." Respondent sample limited to occupational education students.

Data from placement director survey. Question referred to "participation" at any time while a student in "exploratory work experience program (e.g., cooperative education/work study)." Base includes all students.



TABLE III.30 COOPERATIVE EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Requirement	· I			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Programs that require internship or co-op as ported by				
Chairpersona	29.37%	21.25%	37.90%	28.48%
Instructor ^b	29.39%	21.01%	33.48%	27.82%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665: technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--112 and 228.

aData from chairperson survey.

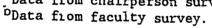




TABLE III.31

INSTRUCTOR SUPERVISION OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATION STUDENTS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	; ;		
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	fotal
Instructors that supervise cooperative education for students and number of students				
No students	70.43%	71 6	76.44%	71.93%
1 or 2 students per grading period	10.06	11.08	9.78	10.29
3+ students per grading period	19.51	17.07	13.77	17.77

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



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TABLE III.32
COOPERATIVE EDUCATION CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Characteristic	I			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Average hours/week on-site	21.64	23.81	25.74	22.96
Participants receiving academic credit	41.16%	33.33%	36.67%	38.16%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE III.33

EMPLOYER INVOLVEMENT IN ASSIGNMENT OF GRADES FOR COOPERATIVE EDUCATION STUDENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I				
Involvement	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
None	19.56%	12.12%	35.71%	22.15%	
Employers recommend	43.48	36.36	28.57	38.32	
Employers assign	7.61	21.21	11.90	11.38	
Employers and coordinators jointly determine	29.35	30.30	23.81	28.14	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior coll ges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--1.17.



TABLE JII.34

EXTENT OF INDIVIDUALIZED LEARNING IN THE CURRICULUM,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	In	stitution Typ	е		
Extent 	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Programs where individualized learning is an integral part of the curriculuma	84.06%	9125%	79.31%	85.07%	
Instructors who report that individualized instruction is b					
Not integral to program	18.17	6.57%	24.22%	16.08%	
Integral when learning basic concepts	14.96	7.16	11.21	12.12	
Integral when practicing skills	34.20	35.52	39.01	35.45	
Integral in all aspects	32.67	50.75	25.56	36.36	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665; technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--117 and 228.

^aData from chairperson survey. ^bData from instructor survey.



TABLE III.35

CURRENTNESS OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of respondents)

	Ins	Institution Type			
Descriptor	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Equipment and materials are					
Very current	34.70%	41.89%	41.70%	37.97%	
Current, Lut not the latest	44.85	43,36	40.36	43.62	
Somewhat dated, not outmoded	16.36	13.27	16.59	15.55	
Outmoded	4.09	1.47	1.35	2.86	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



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TABLE III.36

PERCENTAGE OF OPERATING BUDGETS USED FOR FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	Institution Type			
Category	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Equipment	3.24%	5.26%	2.93%	3.93%	
Facilities .	7.27	7.86	9.78	7.91	

NOTE: Data are from the <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project administrative official survey supplement. Complete sample size is 342. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 176; technical institutes--105; and colleges and universities--59.

TABLE III.37

FACILITY AND EQUIPMENT NEEDS AND DONATIONS RECEIVED,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Į I1	nstitution Ty	/pe		
Characteristics	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	70tal 2.15 1.80 1.72 1.81 2.25 2.20 2.34 39.13% 27.30 9.57 8.70 5.22 4.87	Rank
Mean rank ordering on a 3-point scale of needed facilities					
Classroom renovation	2.21	2.10	2.00	2.15	4
Larger lab facilities	1.80	1.76	1.89		2
More modern equipment Instructional	1.68	1.77	1.77		ī
equipment Demonstration equip-	1.84	1.79	1.78	1.81	3
ment/models	2.29	2.16	2.28	2 25	6
Office space	2.16	2.09	2.40		5
Office equipment	2.40	2.38	2.3		7
Value of donated equipment received over last 3 years					
None	44.69%	36.42%	27.43%	39.13%	NA
\$1-5,000	23.47	33.77	29.20	27.30	NA
\$5,001-10,000	9.32	11.26	7.96		NA
\$10,001-25,000	8.36	7.95	10.62		NA
\$25,00° 50,000	4.50	1.99	11.50		NA
\$50,00½ L00,000	4.18	3.31	8.85	4.87	N^
\$100,000+	5.47	5.30	4.42	5.22	NA

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE III.38
ATTITUDES CONCERNING FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT,

BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of respondents that agree or strongly agree,

	Ins	Institution Type			
Attitudes	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Outdated facilities restrict curriculum/ instruction					
Administrators ^a	58.51%	61.40%	62.69%	60.16%	
Chairpersons ^b	56.56%	57.96%	58.82%	57.35%	
The library facilities at this institution are good. C	84.50%	68.93%	80.86%	79.21%	
The equipment at this institution is good.	85.87%	87.92%	81.51%	85.56%	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrator, chairperson and student surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377, 605, and 3,330. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191, 326, and 1,733; technical institutes--117, 162, and 1,027; and colleges and universities--67, 117, and 563.



aData from administrator survey.

bData from chairperson survey.

cData from student survey.

TABLE III.39

INVOLVEMENT OF VARIOUS PEOPLE/ORGANIZATIONS IN FACILITIES AND FQUIPMENT DECISION MAKING, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean involvement rating)

	Ins			
Person/Organization	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Instructors	4.15	4.13	4.02	4.11
Administration	4.70	4.86	4.75	4.76
Board of Trustees	3.48	3.42	3.21	3.41
State educational agency	2.58	3.47	2.14	2.77

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Completed sample size is 377. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67. Involvement rating scale ranges from 1 = No involvement to 5 = High level of involvement.



TABLE III.40

FREQUENCY AND TYPE OF PROGRAM EVALUATION,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	Institution Type			
Type/Frequency .	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	
Institutions that evaluate programs internally					
Once a year	30.48%	68.75%	19.70%	40.27%	
Every two years	12.30	6.25	12.12	10.41	
Greater than every other year	28.88	6.25	36.36	23.29	
Only as needed	28.34	18.75	31.82	26.03	
Institutions that evaluate programs externally					
Once a year	8.70%	26.79%	4.84%	13.69%	
Every two years	9.24	12.50	1.61	8.94	
Greater than every other year	49.46	48.21	53.23	49.72	
Only as needed	32.61	12.50	40.32	27.65	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator survey. Completed sample size is 377. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67.



TABLE III.41
INSTRUCTOR EVALUATIONS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	Institution Type			
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Univ sities	Total	
Mean number visits by chairperson/grading period ^a Announced,				,	
permanent staff	0.62	0.98	0.52	0.69	
temporary staff	0.53	0.36	0.50	0.48	
Unannounced, permanent staff	0.89	1.45	0.41	0.94	
temporary staff	0.57	0.64	0.32	0.54	
Instructors that receive student evaluations ^b	90.30%	74.85%	94.71%	86.82%	
Mean rating of usefulness of student evaluations ^{b,c}	2.99	3.04	2.90	2.98	
dean number of times observed by supervisor during year ^b	1.33	2.09	0.76	1.43	

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665; technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--117 and 278.



aData from chairperson survey.

bData from instructor survey.

CUsefulness rating scale ranges from 1 = Not useful to 4 = Very useful.

TABLE III.42

INVOLVEMENT OF VARIOUS PEOPLE/ORGANIZATIONS IN EVALUATION DECISION MAKING, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are mean influence rating)

	I1	nstitution Ty	pe	
Type of Evaluation/ Person or Organization	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Administrator evaluation Instructional staff	2.72	2.31	2.77	2.61
Administration	4.66	4.02	4.68	4.48
Board of trustees	2.62	3.24	2.90	2.85
State educational agency	1.33	2.15	1.17	1.56
Instructor evaluation Instructional staff	4.24	3.20	4.42	3.95
Administration	4.26	4.74	4.20	4.41
Board of trustees	1.54	1.68	1.45	1.57
State educational agency	1.14	1.47	1.05	1.22
Grading standards Instructional staff	4.73	4.32	4.76	4.61
Administration	3.68	4.38	3.68	3.90
Board of trustees	1.80	2.05	1.48	1.82
State educational agency	1.35	1.81	1.33	1.49

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project administrator survey. Completed sample size is 377. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 191; technical institutes--117; and colleges and universities--67. Involvement rating scale ranges from 1 = No involvement to 5 = High level of involvement.



IV. CAREER GUIDANCE/PLACEMENT OFFICE ACTIVITIES

TABLE IV.1

PLACEMENT DIRECTOR CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	/pe		
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean years of experience in placement	6.16	6.52	6.94	6.43
Highest education equal to or greater than Master's	77.18%	65.75%	79.45%	74.15%
Degree in guidance/ counseling	53.53%	41.67%	41.67%	47.43%
Prior position Staff member of this office Staff member of institution (non-	4.71%	5.56%	13.89%	6.86%
instructional) Instructor Staff of another	20.59 13.53	16.67 16.67	22.22 13.89	19.71 14.57
institution Business/industry	34.71 10.59	31.48 15.74	26.39 9.72	32.00 12.00
Involvement in community economic development				
activity 	57.74%	56.48%	47.89%	55.33%
Mean age	43.63	45.92	43.51	44.26
Gender Female	44.71%	34.58%	56.94%	44.13%
Male	55.29	65.42	43.06	55.87
Ethnicity				_
Black	8.33%	8.41%	8.33%	8.36%
White Other	86.31 5.37	91.59	90.28	88.76 2.88

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



TABLE IV.2

PLACEMENT OFFICE CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I			
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Staffing Mean number of full-time professional staff	1.87	0.14		
protessional Start	1.07	2.14	1.62	1.88
Mean number of half-time professional staff	0.45	0.27	0.41	0.39
Mean number of less than half-time staff	0.70	0.59	0.47	0.61
Institutions where student waiting time is				
No wait	58.90%	57.28%	41.67%	54.73%
A few minutes to one hour	25.15	37.86	30.56	30.18
Greater than one hour	15.96	4.85	27.78	15.08

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



TABLE IV.3

INVOLVEMENT OF PLACEMENT OFFICE STAFF IN VARIOUS ACTIVITIES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are involvement scale means)

	I.	Institution Type			
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total	Rank
Administrative duties not related to placement	3.17	3.36	3.25	3.24	5
Teaching employability skills	3.11	2.87	3.05	3.02	9
Teaching classes (non- guidance related)	1.97	1.61	1.96	1.87	12
Administering tests	2.74	2.93	2.66	2.79	10
Updating, maintaining records	3.26	3.58	3.37	3.38	4
Individual counseling	3.73	3.79	3.84	3.77	1
Conferring with instructors about placement office	3.39	3.69	3.56	3.52	3
Directing extracurricular activities	2.16	2.24	2.36	2.22	11
Directing career guidance activities	3.11	3.07	3.34	3.15	6
Developing contacts with business	3.48	3.61	3.68	3.56	2
Meeting recruiters from postsecondary schools or military	3.06	3.09	3.18	3.09	7
Working with JTPA	2.96	3.58	2.39	3.03	8

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73. Involvement scale ranges from 1 = Never to 4 = Routinely.



TABLE IV.4

STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN VARIOUS PLACEMENT ACTIVITIES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	stitution Typ	e	lota <u>.</u>
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	
Exploratory work experience	15.59%	19.71%	32.75%	20.14%
Career day/night	15.39%	22.27%	20.38%	18.50%
Job site tours	11.91%	48.37%	17.46%	23.98%
Visits to other post- secondary institutions	9.20%	7.36%	5.78%	7.77%
Job shadowing	2.45%	6.56%	6.08%	4.35%
Career aptitude/interest tests	26.01%	42.24%	23.01%	30.19%
Individual counsuling	43.36%	55.07%	41.51%	46.40%
Group counseling	23.03%	33.34%	20.25%	25.46%
Training in job seeking	27.53%	78.59%	39.40%	45.23%
Training in resume writing	27.63%	70.49%	41.64%	43.04%
Computerized career information resources	16.35%	22.07%	11.27%	16.96%
Noncomputerized career information resources	25.98%	43.72%	31.97%	32.19%
No contact with placement office	33.64%	17.02%	26.32%	27.29%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior college is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



Career Guidance/Placement Activities

TABLE IV.5

NON-ENGLISH LANGUAGE CAREER INFORMATION AVAILABILITY,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins			
Information Available	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Institutions offering career information in a language other than English	17.71%	11.01%	8.22%	13.72%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



TABLE IV.6

IMPORTANCE OF CAREER GUIDANCE/PLACEMENT OFFICE GOALS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are rank orders)

	In			
Goal	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Heip students prepare for additional schooling	4	6	4	4
Help students with personal growth/development	3	3	3	3
Help students plan and prepare for careers	1	2	1	1
Helv place students in training-related employment	2	1	2	2
Help students select and schedule courses	5	4	5	5
Help special and at-risk groups of students	6	5	6	6

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



TABLE IV.7

JOB DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Ins	stitution Typ	e	
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Frequency of employer requests for referrals				
Never	0.59%	0.93%	0.00%	0.57%
One-five/year	5.92	0.00	2.78	3.44
Six to ten/year	7.10	4.63	5.56	6.02
11 to 20/year	14.20	13.89	9.72	13.18
21 to 50/year	11.83	23.15	18.06	16.62
51+/year	60.36	57.41	-3.89	60.17
Share of employer requests initiated by institution	40.86%	47.63%	47.99%	43.84%
Institutions that make follow-up contacts with employers	77.06%	89.09%	64.79%	78.35%
				70.338
Institutions that report job development strategies as being effective				
Telephone	32.57%	17.27%	23.29%	25 98%
In-person visits	29.14%	11.82%	12.33%	2′ 39%
Community organizations	54.29%	50.00%	50.68%	52.23%
Cooperative internships	43.43%	41.82%	41.10%	42.46%
Instructor referrals	40.00%	14.55%	32.88%	30.73%
Government agencies	62.29%	46.36%	58.90%	56.70%
Institutions that do not				
engage in job development	10.86%	1.82%	6.85%	7.26%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size ior community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



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STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS



TABLE V.1

INSTITUTIONAL REPORTS OF STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Iı	nstitution Ty	pe	
Characteristics	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Gender Female	54.93%	 46.16 _%	52.47%	51.71%
Male	42.24	53.81	47.53	46.82
Ethnicity Native American	2.49%	0.94%	1.00%	1.75%
Asian	2.26	1.05	2.85	1.99
Black	9.61	12.82	8.22	10.35
Hispanic	4.72	1.47	3.44	3.53
White	75.67	81.40	83.02	78.71
Other	1.83	1.37	1.58	1.65
Handicapped	2.64%	5.12%	3.46%	3.57%
LEP	5.81%	1.80%	3.10%	4.09%
Family income >25K	14.90%	9.89%	23.20%	14.99%
15-25K	17.27	21.97	14.19	18.17
10-15K	11.29	20.51	6.64	13.32
<10K	12.07	21.23	10.00	14.60
Single parents	7.73%	14.41%	4.63%	9.26%

NOTE: Data pertain to both occupational education and transfer students. Data from Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination project administrative official survey supplement. Completed sample size is 342. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 176; technical institutes--105; and colleges and universities--59.



TABLE V.2

CHAIRPERSON REPORTS OF OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	/pe	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Gender				
Female	46.35%	46.77%	52.79%	47.73%
Male —————————	53.65	53.23	47.21	52.27
Ethnicity				
White	69.84%	73.41%	78.51%	72.49%
Black	9.98	11.77	11.61	10.77
Hispanic	8.27	3.14	2.41	5.74
Other	4.94	2.38	3.45	3.97
Handicapped	2.47%	2.89%	2.31%	2.55%
LEP	5.09%	2.40%	3.64%	4.09%
Economic disadvantaged	22.16%	29.02%	16.06%	22.82%
JTPA clients	4.24%	11.73%	1.17%	5.65%
Single parents	12.01%	12.72%	5.82%	11.00%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson survey. Completed sample size is 605. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 326; technical institutes--162; and colleges and universities--117.



TABLE V.3

INSTRUCTOR REPORTS OF OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	/pe	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Gender Female	49.61%	42.77%	47.98%	47.53%
Male	49.95	57.17	52.01	52.32
Ethnicity White	75.33%	80.01%	83.33%	78.04%
Black	12.02	15.76	10.12	12.72
Hispanic	7.13	2.43	2.58	5.01
Other	5.18	1.79	3.55	3.96
Handicapped	2.22%	3.53%	2.36%	2.61%
LEP	5.24%	3.60%	5.05%	4.80%
Economic disadvantaged	22.45%	29.28%	15.46%	∠3.06%
JTPA clients	5.33%	13.19%	1.74%	6.84%
Single parents	14.10%	13.62%	7.32%	12.71%
Students over 24	40.61%	38.14%	22.05%	36.48%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project instructor survey. Completed sample size is 1,239. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 665; technical institutes--344; and colleges and universities--228.



TABLE V.4 .
SELF-REPORTED STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	/pe	Total
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	
Mean age	28.21	28.47	24.26	27.63
Gender Female	53.74%	46.37%	54.20%	51.45%
Male	46.26	53.63	45.80	48.46
Ethnicity Black	9.02%	12.14%	8.72%	9.948
White	79.16	82.37	82.56	80.73
Other	11.81	5.49	8.72	9.34
Marital status Married	33.02%	33.66%	20.99%	31.18%
Never married	53.56	52.00	71.71	56.15
No longer married	13.41	14.34	7.30	12.67
With children, if ever married No children	21.58%	20.25%	41.94%	23.32%
Children	78.42	79.75	58.06	76.68
Living independently	59.98%	60.96%	46.88%	58.06%
Financially independent	66.84%	65.72%	44.84%	62.75%
landicapped	9`.50%	11.20%	8.96%	9.90%
Mean household income	\$20,160	\$17,360	\$23,250	\$19,755

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.5

STUDENTS' CURRENT EDUCATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	/pe	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Mean number of prior grading periods attended	3.40	3.18	4.80	3.57
Students considered by institution to be Full-time Part-time Uncertain	73.18% 24.65 2.17	80.02* 15.96 3.92	85.48% 13.62 0.90	77.38% 20.10 2.49
Mean credit hours enrolled in now	13.02	17.59	13.80	14.06
Mean credit hours planned for year	30.57	43.82	33.64	33.61
Degree/certificate currently working on Vocational Associate's Bachelor's Other No degree	17.91% 65.81 5.35 3.31 7.63	63.69% 21.85 0.92 6.56 6.97	5.28% 44.44 47.54 1.64 1.09	29.74% 48.68 11.26 4.02 6.30
Degree/certificate ultimately wanted Vocational Associate's Bachelor's/Master's/Ph.D. Qther No degree	9.54% 29.80 47.82 3.62 9.21	43.66% 15.77 22.97 6.86 10.74	2.55% 15.52 74.46 3.54 3.93	18.60% 23.07 45.01 4.58 8.75
Mean GPA (out of 4.0)	3.37	3.44	3.14	3.35

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.6

CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES OF STUDENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of student respondents)

	I:	nstitution Ty	/pe	
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Varsity athletics	6.88%	5.58%	8.92%	6.83%
Other athletics	15.77%	14.74%	22.45%	16.59≹
Cheerleading, pep club, majorettes	1.53%	1.25%	3.04%	1.70%
Drama	3.12%	1.78%	4.53%	2.95%
Band, orchestra, chorus, dance	6.74%	6.89%	13.15%	7.87%
Hobby clubs	15.02%	10.80%	19.84%	14.55%
Honorary clubs, societies	14.30%	11.42%	20.19%	14.41%
School newspaper, magazine, yearbook	4.40%	3.47%	ó.46%	4.62%
Student government	6.42%	6.49%	9.50%	6.96%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.7

FACTORS THAT INFLUENCED CHOICE OF INSTITUTION,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of students who mentioned factor as one of four most important)

	I1	nstitution Ty	pe	
Factor	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Prior school guidance counselor	11.77%	10.61%	15.28%	12.01%
Catalog	29.83%	24.83%	30.20%	28.35%
Parents	23.83%	21.23%	34.81%	24.89%
Prior school teacher	9.81%	10.13%	12.26%	10.32%
Location	76.75%	64.95%	75.31%	72.86%
Friend/acquaintance recommendation	39.99%	44.01%	47.60%	42.52%
Reputation for training	42.30%	49.56%	54.88%	46.67%
Reputation for high placement	20.66%	35.05%	21.85%	25.31%
Cost	59.78%	54.92%	43.69%	55.55%
Financial aid	27.47%	26.29%	23.09%	26.36%
Only institution in state with program	11.77%	12.27%	14.92%	12.46%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.

TABLE V.8

COLLEGE ADMISSION TEST CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Characteristic	I			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Students that took SAT	43.03%	29.69%	54.68%	40.91%
Mean combined score	868	872	896	876
Students that took ACT	37.€	28.57%	50.19%	37.01%
Mean score	20.25	20.95	20.85	20.55

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.9

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS OF STUDENTS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I I	nstitution Ty	ype	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Elementary/middle school Public Private-religious Private-other	87.78% 10.81 1.40	90.47% 8.02 1.50	80.90% 16.76 2.34	87.43% 10.97 1.59
High school Public Private-religious Private-other	91.44% 6.83 1.74	93.50% 4.57 1.93	84.99% 12.66 2.35	90.96% 7.14 1.90
Mean years since high school graduation	9.37	9.23	5.99	8.75
High school curriculum General Academic/college prep Vocational	49.82% 32.67 17.50	55.79% 24.04 20.18	40.04% 46.98 12.99	49.98% 32.46 17.55
Mean grade point average in high school (out of 4.0)	2.89	2.77	3.09	2.89
Hours/week spent on home- work in high school				
Zero Less than 3 3-5 5÷	5.90% 36.75 31.04 26.50	6.00% 36.57 29.11 38.31	4.63% 28.30 29.89 37.19	5.62% 35.25 30.25 28.88

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project student survey. Completed sample size _s 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.10

HIGH SCHOOL EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITY PARTICIPATION
OF STUDENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of student respondents that participated in activity)

	I	nstitution Ty	<i>r</i> pe	
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Varsity athletics	37.74%	31.95%	45.97%	37.43%
Other athletics	40.64%	35.56%	46.41%	40.13%
Cheerleading, pep club	21.72%	19.96%	27.25%	22.15%
Drama	19.98%	16.26%	22.38%	19.298
Band, orchestra	40.16%	37.36%	42.40%	39.70
Hobby clubs	38.69%	34.12%	47.57%	38.869
Honorary clubs	17.72%	15.24%	30.50%	19.239
School newspaper, magazine, yearbook Student government	22.48%	21.78% 17.19%	32.26% 25.96%	23.99% 20.76%
Vocational club	31.96%	39.95%	33.47%	34.67%
Youth organization in community	50.72%	44.68%	58.86%	50.32%
Junior Achievement	10.02%	7.57%	11.13%	9.48%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; An Examination project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.11

PRIOR POSTSECONDARY ATTENDANCE CHARACTERISTICS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I:	nstitution Ty	/pe	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Attended another post- secondary institution	37.72%	34.79%	39.71%	37.16%
Prior institution type, if had attended Community or junior college	25.04%	22.45%	21.76%	23.69%
Technical institute	10.84	20.41	12.50	13.91
College/university	45.45	41.98	51.39	45.53
Other	18.67	15.15	14.35	14.86
Received a degree (if had attended)	26.57%	25.73%	27.65%	26.53%
Type of degree for those that received a prior degree				
Vocational certificate	31.02%	39.60%	28.33%	33.05%
Associate's	24.60	22.77	50.00	28.45
Bachelor's	26.20	20.79	16.67	22.99
Graduate	6.95	4.95	0.00	5.17
Other	1.60	4.95	0.00	2.30

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities -563.



TABLE V.12

MILITARY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS OF STUDENTS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	ype	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Students having military service	12.96%	15.85%	8.68%	13.12%
If was in service, mean weeks of Formal school training	15.11	12.62	13.42	13.93
OJT	9.71	10.82	14.02	10.56
If was in service, relevance of training Not related to current				
education	61.40%	66.21%	56.52%	62.56%
Somewhat related	16.28	15.86	23.91	17.00
Related	9.77	7.59	8.70	8.87
Very related	12.56	10.34	10.87	11.58

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.13 CURRENT EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF STUDENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Iı	nstitution Ty	/pe	Total
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	
Currently employed	59.87%	47.78%	60.43%	56.23%
If employed mean number of months at this job	32.53	32.56	28.13	. 31.68
Mean hours/week	26.79	27.55	24.05	26.50
Mean hourly wage	\$5.97	\$5.81	\$5.25	\$5.79
Relatedness of job to education Not at all	37.76%	46.17%	34.53%	39.39%
Somewhat	18.98	15.94	21.02	18.55
Related	14.26	12.42	14.41	13.80
Very related	29.01	25.47	30.03	28.26
Share of employers that accommodate school				
schedule	83.83%	86.77%	92.62%	86.23€

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project student survey. Completed sample size is 3,330. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 1,733; technical institutes--1,027; and colleges and universities--563.



TABLE V.14

ATTITUDINAL DATA CONCERNING STUDENTS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentage of respondents that agree or strongly agree)

	I1	nstitution Ty	pe	
Opinion	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
	Adm	inistrator Da	ta	
Inadequate student preparation in basic skills restricts curriculum	66.67%	80.53%	65.15%	70.65%
Inadequate student preparation in science/math restricts curriculum	61.90%	64.04%	58.46%	61.96%
Student discipline problems restrict instruction	6.32%	19.83%	11.94%	11.53%
Students work and have limited time to study which constrains instruction	45.26%	43.86%	42.19%	44.05%
	Chairperson Data			
Inadequate student preparation in basic skills restricts curriculum	74.19%	74.38%	71.43%	73.71%
Inadequate student preparation in science/math restricts curriculum	57.82%	65.19%	63.25%	60.75%
Student discipline problems restrict instruction	13.66%	28.03%	11.97%	16.99%
Students work and have limited time to study which constrains instruction	53.03%	53.21%	38.98%	50.40%

(continued)



TABLE V.14--continued

	I	nstitution Ty	pe	
Opinion	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
		Instructor Da	ta	
Student use of drugs/ alcohol is well below average	49.84%	51.60%	53.54%	51.03%
Student tardiness/absences are very prevalent	27.53%	32.46%	28.95%	29.19%
Student attitudes/habits are not conducive to learning	16.07%	18.16%	16.30%	16.68%
	Student Data			
Students have a lot of school spirit	54.01%	59.90%	56.79%	56.31%
I had no idea how hard it would be when I entered	48.18%	45.74%	44.74%	46.84%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project administrator, chairperson, instructor, and student surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377, 605, 1,239, and 3,330. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191, 326, 665, and 1,733; technical institutes--117, 162, 344, and 1,027; and colleges and universities--67, 117, 228, and 563.



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TABLE V.15

INFLUENCES OF STUDENTS ON ESTABLISHING CURRICULUM AND DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are influence rating scale means; rank order in parentheses)

	Iı	nstitution Ty	pe	
Activity	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Establishing curriculum ^a Students	2.68 (8/11)	2.61 (8/11)	2.52 (6/11)	2.63 (8/11)
Former students	2.60 (7/11)	2.35 (6/11)	2.55 (7/11)	2.52 (7/11)
Determining instructional approaches ^a				
Students	2.35 (4/9)	2.31 (6/9)	2.28 (4/9)	2.33 (4/9)
Establishing curriculum ^b Students	2.71 (6/11)	2.70 (7/11)	2.03 (5/11)	2.69 (7/11)
Former Students	2.54 (5/11)	2.43 (6/11)	2.54 (4/11)	2.51 (5/11)
Determining instructional approaches b				
Students	2.33 (3/9)	2.37 (4/9)	2.34 (3/9)	2.34 (3/9)

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupation Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrator and chairperson surveys. Completed sample sizes are 377 and 605. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 191 and 326; technical institutes--117 and 162; and colleges and universities--67 and 117. Influence rating scale ranges from 1 - A great deal to 4 - None.



^aData from administrator survey.

bData from .airperson survey.

Special Needs Students

TABLE V.1.
ENROLLMENTS OF HANDICAPPED STUDENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Iı	pe		
Respondent and Enrollment Base	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Reported by institution and base is all students ^a	2.64%	5.12%	3.46%	3.57%
Reported by program chair- persons and base is occupa- tional education students ^b	2.47%	2.89%	2.31%	2.55%
Reported by instructors and base is occupational education students ^C	2.22%	3.53%	2.36%	2.61%
Self-reported by occupational education students	9.50%	11.20%	8.96%	9.90%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project administrative official survey supplement, chairperson, instructor, and student surveys. Completed sample sizes are 342, 605, 1,239, and 3,330. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 176, 326, 665, and 1,733; technical institutes--105, 162, 344, and 1,027; and colleges and universities--59, 117, 228, and 563.



^aData from administrative official survey supplement.

bData from chairperson survey.

cData from instructor survey.

dData from student survey.

TABLE V.17

HANDICAPPED STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I	nstitution Ty	pe	
Characteristic	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Type of handicap Physical	32.31%	29.09%	44.92%	33.73%
Learning disabled	17.17	35.17	18.15	22.80
Both physical and learning disabled	6.20	6.86	2.75	5.87
Emotionally/socially impaired	6.71	10.26	1.93	6.96
Enrolled in developmental education	32.02%	29.64*	21.66%	29.42%
Major programs Occupational education	41.07%	82.90%	35.15%	53.24%
Transfer/general education	30.49	4.50	26.98	21.73

NOTE: Data are from the <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination project administrative official survey supplement.</u> Completed sample size is 342. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 176; technical institutes--105; and colleges and universities--59.



TABLE V.18

ENROLLMENTS OF LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT (LEP) STUDENTS,

BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I			
Respondent and Enrollment Base	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Reported by institution and base is all students ^a	5.81%	1.80%	3.10%	4.09%
Reported by program chair- person and base is occupa- tional education students ^b	5.09%	2.40%	3.64%	4.09%
Reported by instructors and base is occupational education students ^c	5.24%	3.60%	5.05%	4.80%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrative official survey supplement, chairperson, and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 342, 605, and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 176, 326, and 665; technical institutes--105, 162, and 344; and colleges and universities--59, 117, and 228.



^aData from administrative official survey supplement.

bData from chairperson survey.

^cData from instructor survey.

TABLE V.19

LEP STUDENT CHARACTERISTICS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

Characteristic	r			
	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Share of LEP students classified with formal test	62.40%	36.36%	77.42%	56.76%
Enrolled in developmental education	43.28%	22.47%	20.42%	32.99%
Major programs Occupational education	33.45%	44.10%	11.90%	33.39%
Transfer/general education	23.49	3.24	19.07	16.37

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An Examination project administrative official survey supplement. Completed sample size is 342. Sample size to community and junior colleges is 176; technical institutes--105; and colleges and universities--59.



TABLE V.20 ENROLLMENTS OF SINGLE PARENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I1			
Respondent and Enrollment Base	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Reported by institution and base is all students ^a	7.73%	14.41%	4.63%	9.26%
Reported by program chair- person and base is occupa- tional education students ^b	12.01%	12.72%	5.82%	11.00%
Reported by instructors and base is occupational education students ^c	14.10%	13.62%	7.31%	12.71%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrative official survey supplement, chairperson, and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 342, 605, and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 176, 326, and 665; technical institutes--105, 162, and 344; and colleges and universities--59, 117, and 228.



^aData from administrative official survey supplement.

bData from chairperson survey.

CData from instructor survey.

TABLE V.21

ENROLLMENTS OF ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS AND JTPA CLIENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	I1	nstitution Ty	pe	
Respondent and Enrollment Base	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Economically disadvantaged Reported by program chairpersons and base is occupational education students ^a	22.16%	29.02%	16.06%	22.82%
Reported by instructors and base is occupa- tional education students ^b	22.45%	29.28%	15.46%	23.06%
TPA clients Reported by program chairpersons and base is occupational education students ^a	4.24%	11.73%	1.17%	5.65%
Reported by instructors and base is occupational education students ^b	5.33%	13.19%	1.74%	6.84%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665; technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--117 and 228.

^aData from chairperson survey.

bData from instructor survey.



TABLE V.22

STAFF TRAINING IN WORKING WITH SPECIAL NEEDS STUDENTS, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

(Entries are percentages of staff with such training)

	Iı	nstitution Ty	pe	
Training	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
	CI	hairperson Da	ta ^a	
Teaching the handicapped	25.08%	37.50%	16.52%	26.63%
Working with LEP students	7.67%	10.88%	7.83%	8.52%
Teaching dropout-prone students	28.03%	37.58%	14.78%	27.85%
Working with students in programs nontraditional for their gender	28.53%	35.17%	20.00%	28.50%
Addressing needs of single parents	14.65%	25.17%	6.96%	15.80%
]	Instructor Da	tab	
Teaching the handicapped	35.37%	37.76%	19.47%	33.09%
Working with LEP students	13.34%	13.65%	11.06%	13.00%
Teaching dropout-prone students	32.93%	40.65%	27.43%	34.04%
Working with students in programs nontraditional for their gender	32.06%	41.25%	28.25%	33.91%
Addressing needs of single parents	22.31%	25.30%	16.07%	21.98%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>; <u>An Examination</u> project chairperson and instructor surveys. Completed sample sizes are 605 and 1,239. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 326 and 665; technical institutes--162 and 344; and colleges and universities--117 and 228.



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^aData from chairperson survey. ^bData from instructor survey.

TABLE V.23

CAREER GUIDANCE OFFICE GOALS AND CHARACTERISTICS PERTAINING TO SPECIAL NEEDS STUDENTS,
BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION

	Institution Type							
Goals/Characteristics	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total				
Mean rank order of goal of helping special and at-risk groups of students	4.76	4.37	5.02	4.67				
Rank (out of 6 possible goals)	(6/6)	(5/6)	(6/6)	(6/6)				
Share of institutions offering career information in a language other than English	17.71%	11.01%	8.22%	13.72%				

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination</u> project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110, and colleges and universities--73.



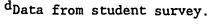
TABLE V.24

COMPLETION RATES, BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND RESPONDENT

	Ins	stitution Typ	е	
Respondent and Completion Measure	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Administrative official ^a Noncompletion rate for all students	39.55%	26.49%	36.97%	35.07%
Chairperson ^b Complete the program in minimal time	39.37%	52.70%	48.63%	44.73%
Complete, but take longer	20.56	13.67	19.56	18.52
Leave at program's initiative	10.23	8.74	10.51	9.88
Leave for other reasons	21.79	19.99	16.20	20.23
Instructors ^c Leave program but not the school	11.67%	6.72%	9.43%	9.87%
Leave program and school	19.13%	21.07%	12.46%	18.43%
Did not intend to complete when started	13.29%	10.38%	5.83%	11.11%
Students that had previously left the institution, but reenrolled	10.58%	8.89%	7.16%	9.57%
Students ^a Intend to complete current program	97.49%	96.86%	94.95%	94.26%

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: <u>An Examination</u> project administrative official survey supplement, chairperson, instructor, and student surveys. Completed sample sizes are 342, 605, 1,239, and 3,330. Sample sizes for community and junior colleges are 176, 326, 665, and 1,733; technical institutes--105, 162, 344, and 1,027; and colleges and universities--59, 117, 278, and 563.

CData from instructor survey.





^aData from administrative official survey supplement.

bData from chairperson survey.

TABLE V.25

STUDENT OUTCOMES,
BY COMPLETER STATUS AND BY INSTITUTION TYPE

	Ins			
Outcomes	Community and Junior Colleges	Technical Insti- tutes	Colleges and Universities	Total
Enter military Nonco éters Completers	2.22% 1.88%	3.95% 3.55%	4.25% 3.73%	3.14% 2.72%
Enroll in a 4-year collegs or university Moncompleters Completers	9.94% 25.75%	3.23% 6.40%	14.11% 14.99%	8.78% 17.61%
Enroll in 2-year college or technical school Noncompleters Completers	4.26% 4.63%	4.98% 6.65%	4.90% 1.55%	4.60% 4.61%
Enter the labor force full-time Noncompleters Completers	30.13% 46.49%	46.76% 75.83%	22.96% 53.05%	33.55% 56.35%
Other Noncompleters Completers	4.83% 3.68%	8.95% 3.86%	4.27% 4.77%	5.91% 3.97%
Training-related placement rate Less than 10% 10-25% 25-50% 50-75% 75-90% 90-99% 100%	1.35% 4.05 10.81 30.41 36.49 16.22 0.68	0.00% 0.95 7.62 20.95 43.81 23.81 2.86	0.00% 0.00 11.29 27.42 45.16 14.52 1.61	0.63% 2.22 9.84 26.67 40.63 18.41 1.59

NOTE: Data from <u>Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery</u>: An <u>Examination</u> project placement director survey. Completed sample size is 367. Sample size for community and junior colleges is 175; technical institutes--110; and colleges and universities--73.



APPENDIX: QUESTIONNAIRES

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL

Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination

Conducted	by:
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Sponsored by:

The National Center for Research in Vocational Education
The Ohio State University

Office of Vocational and Adult Education U.S. Department of Education

Why we need your help....

Your institution has been selected in a national study of postsecondary occupational education. You have been selected as a representative of your institution to help with that study. Your answers to the questions that follow are very important. They will help provide a basis for describing accurately occupational education as it is offered in postsecondary institutions in this country and should also provide support for future program improvements.

How you can help....

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EXAMPLE 1:

- o Nationally, about what percentage of high school students drop out each year?
 - [1] Between 4% and 8%
 - [2] Slightly less than 15%
 - About 28%
 [4] Over 50%

EXAMPLE 2:

- About what percentage of the students in your institution are:
 - (a) Females?

53 %

(b) Males?

l,7 9

When you have completed your questionnaire, (a) fold it in half, (b) staple or tape it together and (c) return it to the institutional liaison whose name is listed below. Your participation in this study is voluntary. In addition, the information you provide will be treated in the strictest confidence; no data will be associated with the name of an individual or institution in any project-related reports or other form of information dissemination. All data will be aggregated across individuals and institutions and described only at the national level.

OULD YOU LIKE A SUMM	ARY REPORT	OF OUR	STUDY?	[]	YES	[]	10
INSTITUTIONAL LIAISON	Name:_						
	Address:						



Nan	ne:		
Tit	tle:		
Ins	stitution:		
Gov	vernance Structure		
1.	What state agencies do you interact with for planning, co program approval, budget requests for state funding, or o matters concerning occupational programs?	ordination ther gove	n, rnanc
	Agency Name a) Planning b) Coordination c) Program approval d) Budget approval e) Other matters: 1. 2.		
2.	 a) How many individuals are on your board of trustees or board? b) How many members are elected by the public? c) How many members are appointed by an elected official (a) How many members would you characterize as business representatives? e) How many members would you characterize as labor organizepresentatives? 	s)?	
3.	Is Board approval required for any of the following action a) Discontinuation of a course offering b) Discontinuation of a program c) Establishing a new course offering d) Establishing a new program e) Faculty/staff member services on a community board such as the Private Industry Council f) Application for federal funds under the JTPA or Carl Perkins Act	Yes [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	[2] [2] [2] [2]
	g) Miring a faculty member h) Dismissing a faculty member	[1] [1]	[2] [2]

4. We are interested in the extent of involvement of various parties within your governance structure in administrative, academic, and financial matters. Using the "administrative involvement" scale below, indicate how active (i) the departments or programs in your institution, (ii) your administration, (iii) your board of trustees, and (iv) your state's governing or coordinating agency are in decision-making concerning—

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_									_											
	, m	Ad	mi	ni	st	rat	ive	I	nγ	01	ve	mei	nt"	Sc	a1	e								
	No involvement		L	<u>it</u>	<u>t1</u>	<u>e</u>		3	So	me			M	od	er	<u>at</u>	<u>e</u>			_			e1 ent	
	1			2				_	3	_					4						· <u>5</u>			
	,		ep ro									tra	a		đ.	_	-	S	S	ta		iv a:) gen	ıcv
a)	Searches for administrative staff	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5					5	,
b)	Institution's calendar	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
c)	Promotion/retention of instructional staff	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
d)	Institution mission	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
e)	Budget process	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5						5			3	-	_	
f)	Instructor evaluation	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5					4				3			
g),	Administrator evaluation	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
h)	Grading standards	1	2	3	4	5		ſ	2	3	4	5		1	2	વ	L	5	1	2	3	<i>1</i> .	5	
i)	Professional de ::lopment activities		2								4	_					4				3	•	_	
j)	Facilities and equipment	1	2	3	4	5	:	L	2	3	4	5	-	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	

Faculty

- 5. a) Is the full-time teaching staff covered under a collective bargaining agreement(s)? [1] Yes [2] No
 - b) What percentage of the full-time teaching staff is employed under a tenure track system and what percentage of these instructors have tenure?
 - i) Percentage under track tenure system
 - ii) Percentage under tenure track system with tenure

~____.~ %



6. On average, how much influence does each of the following factors have on determining faculty salaries?

			Only to	None
	A great		a minor	(Not
	deal	Somewhat	extent	app.)
a) Quality of teaching	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
b) Professional activities	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
c) Service to the community.	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
d) Collective bargaining agreement	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
e) Interactions with employers	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
f) Longevity with institution	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
g) Full-time or part-time status	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
h) Number of courses taught	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
i) Level of education	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
j) Research activities	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

7. What is your institution's experience with faculty/instructor turnover? For those individuals teaching at your institution today, a year from now what percentage would you estimate would--

a)	Be teaching at your institution	%
ь)	Not be teaching at your institution at the institution's initiative	_
	(firing, layoff, nonrenewal, etc.)	%

c) Not be teaching at your institution at the instructor's initiative?

 $TOTAL = \overline{100\%}$

Not

Factors Influencing Curriculum and Instruction

8. In your institution, what degree of importance is attached to each of the following goals?

				NOL
				at all
	Very		Not too	impor-
	Important	Important	important	tant
Prepare tudents to be good citizens	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
Develop basic skills	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	•			
Prepare students to be competent	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
consumers				
Prepare students for further schooling	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
occupations				
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
Place students in jobs as hey leave	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	Prepare 'tudents to be good citizens Develop basic skills Develop students' abilities to solve problems and think critically Prepare students to be competent consumers Prepare students for further schooling Provide training for specific occupations Give students broad, general career preparation Place students in jobs as 'hey leave school	Prepare tudents to be good citizens [1] Develop basic skills [1] Develop students' abilities to solve [1] problems and think critically Prepare students to be competent [1] consumers Prepare students for further schooling [1] Provide training for specific [1] occupations Give students broad, general career [1] preparation Place students in jobs as hey leave [1]	Prepare tudents to be good citizens [1] [2] Develop basic skills [1] [2] Develop students' abilities to solve [1] [2] problems and think critically Prepare students to be competent [1] [2] consumers Prepare students for further schooling [1] [2] Provide training for specific [1] [2] occupations Give students broad, general career [1] [2] preparation Place students in jobs as they leave [1] [2]	Prepare tudents to be good citizens [1] [2] [3] Develop basic skills [1] [2] [3] Develop students' abilities to solve [1] [2] [3] problems and think critically Prepare students to be competent [1] [2] [3] consumers Prepare students for further schooling [1] [2] [3] Provide training for specific [1] [2] [3] occupations Give students broad, general career [1] [2] [3] preparation Place students in jobs as hey leave [1] [2] [3]



9. In your opinion, how much <u>actual</u> influence do the following people or organizations have on (i) establishing or revising the curricula/program (e.g., goals, objectives, content) and (ii) determining instructional approach(es)?

(i) ESTABLISHING OR REVISING THE CURRICULUM

			Only to	None
	A Great		a Minor	(Not
PEOPLE/ORGANIZATIONS	Deal	Some	Extent	App.)
 a) Chief administrative officer (yourself) or staff 	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
b) Instructors in department involved .	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
c) Instructors in other departments	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
d) Parents	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
e) Students	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
f) Institution's advisory or governing board	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
g) Faculty unions or associations	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
h) Business and industry representatives	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
i) JTPA/PIC	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
j) State education administrative agencies	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
k) Former students	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

(ii) DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACHES

[2]	F 0 3	
	[3]	App.) [4]
[2]	[3]	[4]
[2]	[3]	[4]
[2]	[3]	[4]
[2]	[3]	[4]
[2]	[3]	[4]
[2]	[3]	[4]
		• • •
[2]	[3]	[4]
	<u> </u>	[4]
	[2] [2]	[2] [3]

10. Please indicate your level of agreement with each of the following statements regarding factors that exert influence on curriculum and instruction at your institution. Feel free to comment to qualify or explain a rating. DO NOT FEEL COMPELLED TO COMMENT ON EVERY ITEM.

	TORS INFLUENCING RICULUM AND INSTRUCTION	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	No Opinion	Agree	Strongly Agree
á.	Inadequate student preparation in basic skills restricts curriculum offerings and instructional delivery COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
b.	Use of part-time or adjunct instructional staff constrains effective instruction COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
c.	Outdated facilities or equipment restrict curriculum offerings or instructional content COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
d.	Resources spent on non- instructional purposes (e.g., security, maintenance) seem excessive and restrict our instructional mission COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
e.	Student discipline problems restrict instructional delivery COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
f.	Because a high percentage of students work, they have limited time to spend on studying outside of class and this constrains instructional programs COMMENTS:	[1] e	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
8•	Collective bargaining/ unionization of faculty restrict curriculum offerings COMMUNES:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
h.	Inadequate student preparation in science and mathematics restricts curricula and instruction COMMENTS:		[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]

		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	No Opinion		trongly Agree
i.	Community, faculty, or student pressures restrict our ability to cancel certain course offerings COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
j.	Inadequate institutional funding restricts curricula and instructional comments:		[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
k.	Competition for students from other educational institutions or the military cause us to offer certain programs that we otherwise would not offer COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
1.	Our open-entry policy restricts program offerings COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]

- 11. a) How often are programs evaluated internally within your institution?

 - [1] Once a year[2] Once every two years
 - [3] Greater than every other year
 - [4] Evaluated on as needed basis
 - b) How often are programs evaluated externally?

 - [1] Once a year[2] Once every two years
 - [3] Greater than every other year
 - [4] Evaluated on as needed basis
- 12. Has your institution implemented or considered implementing any of the following policy or procedural changes?

a) b) c) d)	Consideration of tighter admission requirements Requiring assessment for all incoming students Stiffening grading standards Placing special emphasis on retention of special	Yes [1] [1] [1]	No [2] [2] [2] [2]
e)	need students Partial or full merit pay Formal recognition of good teaching Increasing hiring standards for faculty/instuctors	[1]	[2]
f)		[1]	[2]
g)		[1]	[2]



Linkages with External Institutions

13.	Does your	institution	provide	facilities	or	instructors	for	any	of	the
	following?	Check all	that a	pp 1y)				•		

		Facilities	Instructors	Neither
	a) Students studying for the GED	[1]	[2]	[9]
	b) Adult classes (not leading to diploma,	_		
	degree or certificate)	[1]	[2] ,	[9]
	c) JTPA programs	[1]	[2]	[9]
	d) Program sponsored by community-based			
	organizations other than JTPA	[1]	[2]	[9]
	e) Special courses or programs for business		1-4	
	industry in the area (customized training		[2]	[9]
	f) Courses for military training	[1]	[2]	[9]
	g) Apprenticeship programs	[1]	[2]	[9]
		L-J	[2]	[7]
14.	Does your school provide teaching personnel	, administr	ative suppor	t
	services, etc. for occupational education c (e.g., in a business or industry or a penal	rasses/prog	grams orr cam	pus
	(c.g., in a pasiness of industry of a banar	institutio	n):	
	[1] Yes (Describe:		`	
	[2] No			
	[2] 110			
15	Approximately what percentage of			
	Approximately what percentage of you. stude occupational programs (co-op) in 1986-87?	nts were er	iroffed in co	
	occupational brokeams (co-ob) in 1200-811			%
16	Approximately what percentage of the studen	.		. •
10.	Approximately what percentage of the studen credit for co-op experiences during the 198	ts in your	ecuoor recer	
	create for co-op experiences during the 190	0-01 school	year: _	%
17.	Do you have any of the following articulati	on 11		_ · · · ·
- , •	any secondary schools	on or links	ige agreement	s with
	any secondary sendors.		V.	37
	a) Secondary school students attend course		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
	,	s that are	r+1	F03
	part of postsecondary programs at your b) Secondary school offers first 2 years of the secondary school offers first 2 years of the secondary school offers first 2 years of the secondary school of the secondary programs at your big secondary school of the secondary programs at your big secondary school of the seconda	institution		
	b) Secondary school offers first 2 years o "2+2/tech prep"	i a	[1]	[2]
			F - 3	***
	· J · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ttend cours	es [1]	[2]
	at a secondary school and those courses	count towa	rd	
	your graduation requirements			
	d) Your postsecondary students may receive	credit for	[1]	[2]
	courses previously completed at the sec			
	e) You are co-located or otherwise share f	acilities w		[2]
	a secondary school		[1]	[2]
	f) Other (Describe)	[1]	[2]
• •				
18.	Is your institution formally represented in	community-	based econom	ic
	development activities (e.g., chamber of con	mmerce comm	ittees)?	
	[1] /		_	
	[1] Yes (Explain:)	
	[2] No	•		



, .a \$

19.	Is your institution formally represeducation planning committee attend other postsecondary institutions?	ented on a regional or area vocational ed by representatives of secondary or
	[1] Yes [2] No	v
20.	Is your institution formally represented for your JTPA service delivery area	ented on the Private Industry Council
	PA 3	

[1]	Yes
[2]	No

21. To what degree do the following obstacles hinder you from providing services under JTPA?

		Major obstacle	Minor obstacle	Not an obstacle
a)	Lack of knowledge of Act and regulations	[1]	[2]	[3]
ъ)	JTPA restrictions on eligibility, services	[1] ,	[2]	[3]
c)	Amount of documentation, paperwork required	[1]	[2]	[3]
d)	Performance-based contracts	լ1]	[2]	[3]
e)	Uncertainties, delays in contracting process	[1]	[2]	[3]
£)	Policies, politics of PIC	[1]	[2]	[3]
g)	Other (Describe)	[1]	[2]	[3]

22. For the following list, please rank order the organizations that you/your institution place highest priority on in establishing linkages. (The institutions you place highest priority on should be ranked 1, the next highest a 2, etc.)

a)	Organized labor organizations	······
b)	Military	
c)	Business and industry (other than for customized training)	
d)	Customized regining provision	
	JTPA service provision	
	Community based organizations	
	Other postsecondary institutions (public or private numprofit)	
	Propriegary schools (for profit) Secondary schools, public or nonprofit	

Rank

Per	csonal Characteristics		
23.	When were you born? / month year		
24.	What is your sex? [1] Female [2] Male		
25.	What is your ethnic group? (Check one)		
	[1] American Indian or Alaskan Native [2] Asian American or Pacific Islander [3] Black, not of Hispanic origin [4] Hispanic [5] White, not of Hispanic origin [6] Other (Specify:)		
26.	Do you have the following degrees, and if so, in what	discipl	ines?
	 [1] Some college - no certificate [2] Associate degree [3] Bachelor's degree [4] Bachelor's degree plus some graduate work [5] Master's degree [6] Master's degree plus additional graduate work [7] Doctorate 		Major(s)
27.	In what year did you complete your highest level of e Question 26?	ducation	as noted in
		yea	<u> </u>
28.	How many years of experience have you had as a teache either a part- or full-time basis	r or fact	ılty member o
		Years	Years
	(a) At the elementary or secondary level?(b) At two-year community colleges or voc-tech institutions?	11-time	Part-time
	(c) At proprietary schools? (d) At four-year colleges or universities? (e) Other		
			



EMPLOYMENT HISTORY

(Pleasa include administrative and instructional positions.)

		29. Curre	nt Job	30. Lest	job	31. Secon	d lest job	32. Third	last job
a] Star	ting dete	month	yeer	 	/	l month	/	month	,
b] Endi	ng dete	! !	\	month	year	I month	year	month	yeer I
c) Occu Job	pation; dut ¹ 98			 		! ! 			
	of insti-			 		! !		 	
	(or current) or salary	\$	per [3] month [4] year	\$	per [3] month [4] year	\$ [1] hour [2] week	per [3] month [4] yeer	\$ [1] hour [2] week	per [3] month [4] year
res parf appr	rvisory duties ponsible for ormance/selary aisal for 1 or individuals)	[1] yes [2] no		[[1] yes [2] no 		[1] yes [2] no	1	[1] yes [2] no	1 1 1 1
	rad by collec- agreement	[1] yes [2] no		[1] yes [2] no		[[1] yes [[2] no		[1] yes [2] no	!

Thank you for your time and patience. In the supplement attached, we have asked for some general statistics about your institution that can probably be answered most easily by your institutional research office. We would appreciate it if you could make sure those questions get answered and the supplement is returned to your liaison. Below we have provided you with an opportunity to provide general comments. We would like to receive any comments, but we would particularly like to know about innovative administrative policies or practices, your opinions about the key problems facing postsecondary occupational education, and your ideas about solutions to those key problems.

COMMENTS: (Use back side of paper, if necessary)



ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL SURVEY SUPPLEMENT

Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination

Conduct	ted	by:
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Sponsored by:

The National Center for Research Vocational Education The Ohio State University

Office of Vocational and Adult Education U.S. Department of Education

Why we need your help....

Your institution has been selected in a national study of postsecondary occupational education. You have been selected as a representative of your institution to help with that study. Your answers to the questions that follow are very important. They will help provide a basis for describing accurately occupational education as it is offered in postsecondary institutions in this country and should also provide support for future program improvements.

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EXAMPLE 1:

- EXAMPLE 2:
- o Nationally, about what percentage of high school students drop out each year?
- o About what percentage of the students in your institution are:

[1] Between 4% and 8%

(a) Females?

[2] Slightly less than 15%

____53 %

32 About 28%

- (b) Males?
- 47 %

(4) Over 50%

When you have completed your questionnaire. (a) fold it in half. (b) staple or tape it together. and (c) return it to the institutional liaison whose name is listed below. Your participation in this study is voluntary. In addition, the information you provide will be treated in the strictest confidence; no data will be associated with the name of an individual or institution in any project-related reports or other form of information dissemination. All data will be aggregated across individuals and institutions and described only at the national levels.

INSTITUTIONAL LIAISON	Name: Address:	
-----------------------	-------------------	--



149

Name	e:
Titl	.e:
Comm	nunity Characteristics
S1.	Type of area in which your institution is located? [1] Rural [2] Suburban [3] Urban
S2.	What is the approximate population in the area served by your institution?
	people
S3.	Approximately what percentage of the population in the area served by your institution is
	(a) American Indian or Alaskan Native?
S4.	
Inst	itutional Characteristics
S5.	What was the size of your institution's enrollment of full-time and part- time students, by program type for 1985-86? (i) (ii) Full-time Part-time a) In occupational programs b) In transfer or general programs
Stud	ent Characteristics
S6.	Selected student body characteristics a) Gender -
	b) Ethnicity/ Race Native American or Alaskan Native Asian American or Pacific Islander Black, not of Hispanic origin Hispanic White, not of Hispanic origin Other
	c) Handicapped%



α	proficiency%
) Estimated family income -
f	Students who enter, but leave prior to receiving degrees or certificates%
g.	Students who are single parents%
S7. Wha	at are your institution's admission requirements?
S8. Of	the handicapped students in your institution, what percentage are
b) с)	physically handicapped? mild/moderately learning disabled both physically and learning disabled emotionally/socially impaired 7 100%
S9. a)	Approximately what percentage of your institution's handicapped students enroll in
	developmental education programs?%
b)	Approximately what percentage enroll in major programs that are occupational and transfer/general programs?
	occupational $\frac{\pi}{2}$ transfer/general $\frac{\pi}{2}$ TOTAL = $\frac{\pi}{100\%}$
S10. By Eng	what process are the students in your school classified as limited lish proficient (LEP)? (Describe:
)
S11.a)	Approximately what percentage of your school's LEP students enroll in
	developmental education programs?%
b)	Approximately what percentage enroll in major programs that are occupational and transfer/general programs?
	occupational $\frac{\%}{\%}$ transfer/general $\frac{\%}{100\%}$

ERIC

S-2

S12.a)	What is your institution's total operating budget for its c fiscal year?	urrent
ь)	What percentage of the budget is funded by the following so	urces:
	Community/county %	
	State %	
	Federal %	
	Tuition %	
	Private donations/gifts%	
	Other ${\text{TOTAL}} = \frac{\%}{100\%}$	
c)	What percentage of the budget is spent on:	
	Instruction %	
	Administration %	
	Student services %	
	Equipment %	
	Facilities/capital	
	improvement %	
	Other %	
	TOTAL = 100%	
Funding		
S13.a)	How much money will your institution receive under the Carl Vocational Education Act for the 1986-87 school year?	Perkins
ъ)	How much will come from the JTPA? \$	
Activit	ies Under Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA)	
S14. Du	ring the 1985-86 academic year, how many JTPA clients were en	nrolled in:
a)	Special class-size occupational training programs conducted JPTA clients?	only for clients
	(1) Were these conducted under performance Yes	No
	based co racts? [1]	[2]
	(2. What occupational skills were taught in these classes?	(e.g.,
	word processing, building maintenance)	
ъ)	How many JTPA clients were enrolled in regular occupational an individual referral basis?	
c)	How many JTPA clients were enrolled in basic/remedial education programs?	cion or GED



S15. Does your institution provide any of these services under JTPA?

	Yes	No
a) Acts as the administrative entity for SDAb) Conducts intake, assessment, counseling,	[1]	[2]
and referral	[1]	[2]
c) Certifies eligibility for JTPA assistance	[1]	[2]
d) Writes on-the-job training contracts with		[-]
employers	[1]	[2]
e) Runs job clubs	[1]	[2]
f) Conducts job development	[1]	[2]
g) Provides support services (e.g., day care.	L+3	[2]
transportation allowances)	[1]	[2]
h) Other [Describe]	[1]	[2]

Thank you. Please return to your institutional liaison.



PLACEMENT DIRECTOR

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The National Center for Research in Vocacional Education The Ohio State University Office of Vocational and Adult Education U.S. Department of Education

Why we need your help....

Your institution is helping in a national study of postsecondary education. You have been selected as a representative of your institution to help with that study. Your answers to the questions that follow are very important. They will help provide a basis for more accurately describing the occupational education offered in our postsecondary institutions and should also provide support for future program improvements.

How you can help....

On the pages that follow you will find a number of questions that deal with your background and experience, the kinds of career guidance provided by your school, and characteristics of your office. These questions can be answered quickly by placing an "X" or a check mark "/" in the "[3]" next to your answer or by filling in the blank spaces provided. (See the two examples shown in the box below.) Please answer all the questions as accurately as possible. Please use a pen to mark your responses.

EXAMPLE 1:	EXAMPLE 2:						
o Nationally, about what percentage of high school students (grades 9-12) drop out each year?	o About what percentage of the in your institution are:						
[1] Between 4% and 8% [2] Slightly less than 15% [2] About 28% [4] Over 50%	(a) Females? 53 % (b) Males? 47 %						

When you have completed your questionnaire, (a) fold it in half, (b) staple or tape it together, and (c) return it to the institutional liaison whose name is listed below. Again, we want to note that your participation in this study is voluntary. In addition, the information you provide will be treated in the strictest confidence; no data will be associated with the name of an individual or institution in any project-related reports or other form of information dissemination. All data will be aggregated across individuals and institutions and described only at the national level.

institutions and	described onl	y at	the	national	level.			
WOULD YOU LIKE A	SUMMARY REPOR	T OF	our	STUDY?	ι:	YES	[]	NO
דאופיידייידיים אוא די	A T COM			**				

Name:_____Address:______



le:	
titution:	
eer Guidance and Student Services	
emphasized by the placement program in your institution. (W)	RITE IN THE
	Rank
(a) Help students plan and prepare for additional schooling(b) Help students with their personal growth and development	
(c) Help students plan and prepare for their	
careers after leaving your institution (d) Help place students in employment related to their training	
 (e) Help students select and schedule courses (f) Help particular special groups of students such as the handicapped, economically disadvantaged, and limited English proficient progress through your institution 	
Does your institution provide occupational or career informations in a language other than English?	ion to
[1] No [3] Yes, another language (Specify:)	
Does the placement/guidance/counseling staff in your institute administer occupational aptitude or interest tests to student	cion cs?
[1] No[2] Yes, to all students[3] Yes, to any student who requests them	
About what percentage of the students in your institution parties following activities between the time they enter and leavinstitution? (WRITE PERCENTS. IF UNSURE, GIVE YOUR BEST EST THE ACTIVITY IS NOT OFFERED, ENTER "O".)	e vour
(a) Exploratory work experience programs (e.g., zo-op/work study) (b) Career days/nights zours or visits (field trips) z (c) Job sit cours or visits (field trips) z (d) Visits to other postsecondary institutions z (e) Job shadowing (extended observations of a worker) (f) Testing and having tests interpreted for zourser planning purposes (e.g., interest	
	Rank the following goals in terms of the degree to which they emphasized by the placement program in your institution. (WI RANK—1 BRING HIGHEST, 2 NEXT HIGHEST, AND SO FORTH. DO NOT RANKINGS.) (a) Help students plan and prepare for additional schooling (b) Help students with their personal growth and development (c) Help students plan and prepare for their careers after leaving your institution (d) Help place students in employment related to their training (e) Help students select and schedule courses (f) Help particular special groups of students such as the handicapped, economically disadvantaged, and limited English proficient progress through your institution Does your institution provide occupational or career informat students in a language other than English? [1] No [2] Yes, Spanish [3] Yes, another language [2] Yes, Spanish (Specify: Does the placement/guidance/counseling staff in your institution administer occupational aptitude or interest tests to student [1] No [2] Yes, to all students [3] Yes, to any student who requests them About what percentage of the students in your institution par the following activities between the time they enter and leave institution? (WRITE PERCENTS. IF UNSURE, GIVE YOUR BEST EST THE ACTIVITY IS NOT OFFERED, ENTER "O".) (a) Exploratory work experience programs (e.g., % co-op/work study) (b) Career days/nights (c) Job sit' cours or visits (field trips) (d) Visits to other postsecondary institutions (e) Job shadowing (extended observations of a % worker)

	 (g) Individual counseling session (h) Group guidance/counseling ses (i) Training in job seeking skill (j) Training in resume writing (k) Use of computerized career in resources (1) Use of noncomputerized career resources 	ssions ls nformat		% % % % % % %	
	(m) Have no contact with the place	ement	office	%	
<u>P1</u> 8	cement Office Characteristics				
5.	How many professional staff in yo and less than half-time in the pl	ur ins	titution w	ork full-time	, half-time
	(a) Number of full-time professio(b) Number of half-time profession(c) Number of professional staff half-time	nal sta	aff	nan	
6.	If a student wants to see a place she typically have to wait?	ment co	ounselor,	about how long	g does he o
	[1] No wait—can walk right in[2] A few minutes to an hour[3] A few hours	[4] A [5] Th	day or tw ree days	o or more	
7.	Over the course of an academic yes	ar, how	involved	does your sta	aff get in
(a)	Admitid name to the second	Never	Infreq.	Occasionally	Routinely
(4)	Administrative duties not related to placement or career guidance		[2]	[3]	[4]
(b)	Teaching employability skill or	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	career guidance-related courses			[3]	[4]
(c)	Teaching classes	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(a)	(norguidance related) Planning for, administering, and	F4.7	***		
(4)	interpreting tests	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(e)	Updating and obtaining information from records (e.g., permanent	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(f)	records for reports, planning) Individual counseling of students	F4.7	***		
(g)	Conferring with instructors or	[1] [1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	other instructional personnel	[T]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	regarding the placement program				
(h)	Directing extracurricular	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(; \	activities				▶ - ◀
	Directing planned career guidance activities (e.g., career days, plant visits)	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]



		Never	Infreq.	Occasionally	Routinelv
(j)	Developing contacts with business and industry	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(k)	Meeting with recruiters from other postsecondary institutions or the military	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(1)	Working with JTPA and/or JTPA- sponsored agencies and other community-based organizations	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

8. To what extent do you or other individuals in the placement office get involved in curricular decision making? (MARK ONE)

[1] It has never happened

[2] It has occurred on a few occasions

[3] It has occurred several times, but not on a regular basis

[4] It occurs regularly

Placement

9. Which of the following sources of information about job opportunities does your institution have available for student use regarding part-time jobs while in school and full-time, post-school jobs? (MARK ALL THAT APPLY)

		Part-time	Full-time
(a)	Job bank listings or reports from state Employment Service or Department of Labor, showing jobs available for local area (city or state)	[1]	[2]
(b)	Postings of local newspaper employ- ment advertisements	[1]	[2]
(c)	Job openings called in by employers	[1]	[2]
(d)	List of contacts at public or private employment agencies and training programs (e.g., JTPA) who can help students get jobs or job training	[1]	[2]
(e)	Information from local government (city, county, state) civil service and employment offices in the area	[1]	[2]
(f)	Information about local jobs from follow-ups of former students who work	[1]	[2]
(g)	Other (Specify:)	[1]	[2]
(h)	No job information is routinely made available to students	[1]	[2]

10. a) Approximately how many different employers ask your office for referrals for full-time positions in a year?

[1] None

[4] Eleven to twenty

[2] One to five

[5] Twenty-one to fifty

[3] Six to ten

[6] Fifty-one or more

b) What percentage of those referrals are a result of your office's direct initiative?

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,11.	From your experience at this institution, what are the most effective strategies for developing jobs? (Check all that apply)
	[1] Telephone contacts [2] In person visits [3] Community organization memberships [4] Co-op or internship programs [5] Referrals from instructors or other staff at the institution [6] Working with a government agency(ies) [7] Other
	[9] We don't engage in job development activities
12.	Are follow-up contacts made with employers of students placed in jobs?
	[1] No [2] Yes, through our office [3] Yes, through another unit at the institution [4] Don't know
13.	Of former students in your institution, about what percentage (If uncertain, give your best estimate)
	Program Program Noncompleters Completers
	(a)entered the military?
	(c)enrolled in another 2-year college or technical
	school?
	postsecondary institution? (e) Other (Specify:
14.	The response to 13(d) for program completers represents your institution's placement rate. For that placement rate, what percentage are placed in jobs related to the training or program areas from which the students graduated?
	[1] Less than 10% [5] 75% - 90% [2] 10% - 25% [6] 90% - 99% [7] 100%

Per	sonal and Job Characteristics
15.	Including this year, how many years of experience have you had involving placement or career guidance in postsecondary institutions?
	[1] Not yet a full year [4] Five to six years [2] One to two years [4] Seven to ten years [3] Three to four years [6] Over ten years
16.	What is the highest degree you hold?
	[1] High school diploma [5] Specialist in Education [2] Associate degree [6] Educational Doctorate [3] Bachelor or Arts/Bache- [7] Doctorate other than 1 or of Science education [4] Master's degree [8] Other (Specify:)
17.	Do you have a degree in guidance and counseling? [1] No [2] Yes
18.	Prior to this position, what type of position did you hold?
	[1] Staff member or placement of Staff member of another educational institution [2] Staff member of institution (non instructional position) [3] Instructor at institution
19.	Do you or anyone else on your institution's placement or guidance staff participate in community-wide economic development activities (e.g., chamber of commerce committees or other committees directed toward attracting new business/industry into your community)?
	[1] No [2] Yes (Describe:)
20.	When were you born? / month year
21.	What is your sex? [1] Female [2] Male

22. What is your ethnic origin?

[1] American Indian or Alaskan Native
[2] Asian American or Pacific Islander
[3] Black, not of Hispanic origin
[4] Hispanic

[5] White, not of Hispanic

Origin

[6] Other

You have finished the questionnaire. Thank you.

NOTES/COMPENTS:



CHAIRPERSON

Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination

Conducted by:
National Center for Research
in Vocational Education
The Ohio State University

Sponsored by:
Office of Vocations and
Adult Education
U.S. Department of Education

Why we need your help....

Your institution has been selected for a national study of postsecondary occupational education. You have been selected as a representative of your institution to help with that study. Your answers to the questions that follow are very important. They will help provide a basis for describing accurately occupational education as it is offered in postsecondary institutions and should also provide support for future program improvements.

How you can help....

On the pages that follow you will find a number of questions that relate specifically to your department or program, the kinds of students that attend your institution, and characteristics about you and your job. These questions can be answered quickly by placing an "X" or a check mark "/" in the "[3]" next to your answer or by filling in the blank spaces provided. (See the examples shown in the box below.) Please answer all the questions as accurately as possible. Please use a pen to mark your responses.

When you have completed your questionnaire, (a) fold it in half, (b) staple or tape it together, and (c) return it to the institutional liaison whose name is listed below. Your participation in this study is voluntary. In addition, the information you provide will be treated in the strictest confidence; no data will be associated with the name of an individual or institution in any project-related reports or other form of information dissemination. All data will be aggregated across individuals and, institutions and described only at the national level.

WOULD	YOU	LIKE	A	SUMMARY	REPORT	OF	OUR	STUDY?	[]] Yes	[]	NO
INSTITUTIONAL LIAISON				Name:									
								Address:					



1.	Ne	ame:
2.	Ir	estitution:
3.	Pı	cogram/Department:
Pro	gran	Characteristics
4.	Нс	w many students (FTEs) are enrolled in your program currently? students (FTEs)
5.	а)	How many faculty and instructors (FTEs) are currently in your program? (Include permanent faculty who may be on leave.) instructors (FTEs)
	ъ)	How many faculty included in your answer to a) are permanent, full-time instructors?
6.	a)	What is your departmental/program total budget for the 1986-87 academic year? \$
	ъ)	Of that budget, how much funding do you receive from federal vocational
	c)	education funds, i.e. Carl Perkins? \$ Of that budget, how much do you receive from JTPA? \$
7.	a)	Does your program/department have an advisory board? [1] Yes [2] No (Go to Question 8)
	ъ)	How many members are on the board? members
	c)	How ofter does the advisory board meet? (Check one) [1] At least once a month, on a regular basis [2] Not as often as once a month, but on a regular basis [3] Once a year, on a regular basis [4] Only meet on an as needed basis
	d)	How many members would you characterize as being from business or industry? members
	e)	How many members would you c sracterize as representing organized labor? members
Pro	gram	Content
8.	Wha	t type of degree/certificate do you award to individuals who complete r program?
		<pre>[1] Vocational certificate [2] Associate Degree [3] Other:</pre>



9. How many courses must a typical student who enrolls in your program complete to be awarded a degree certificate? (Do not include developmental education or LEP courses)

Type	of	grading	period	(MARK	ONE)
------	----	---------	--------	-------	------

		courses [1] Semester [2] Quarter [3] Other:		
10.	How the	many students were awarded a degree/certificate from 1985-86 academic year?		ment in
11.	If a)	100 students began your program, how many would you complete the program in the mimimal possible time (1 year or less for a 1 year program; 2 years or less 2 year program)?		
	P)	Complete the program, but in longer than the minimal time?	l pos ible	
	c)	Leave the program at your initiative (Failing grades to leave, etc.)?	s. adved	
	d)	Leave the program for other reasons (Took a job, trate to another program or institution, etc.)?	anferred	
12.	In	your opinion, how much actual influence do the follow	TOTAL :	= 100

12. In your opinion, how much actual influence do the following people or organizations have on (i) establishing or revising the curricula/program (e.g., goals, objectives, content) and (ii) determining instructional methods?

(i) ESTABLISHING OR REVISING THE CURRICULUM

_	PEOPLE/ORGANIZATIONS	A Great Deal	Some	Only to a Minor Extent	_
	Institution's administration	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
ъ)	Chairperson and instructors in department involved	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
c)	Instructors in other departments Parents	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
_	Students	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
T	Institution's advisory or governing board	i [1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
g)	Faculty unions or associations	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	Business and industry representatives, including program's advisory committee	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
į)	JTPA/PIC	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
j)	State education administrative agencies	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
k)	Former students	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]



(ii) DETERMINING INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

PEOPLE/ORGANIZATIONS	A Great Deal	Some	Only to a Minor Extent	None (NA)
1) Institution's administration	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
m) Department chair (yourself)	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
n) Instructors	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
o) Students	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
p) Institution's advisory or governing board	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
q) Faculty unions or associations	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
r) Business and industry representatives. e.g department advisory committee	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
B) JTPA/PIC	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
t) State administrative agencies	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

13.	Consider the typical student who completes your program. What of the curriculum that the student was exposed to would you est	percentage
	a) Concerned specific occupational skills development?	2
	b) Concerned general or transferable skills development such as communication skills, interpersonal skills?	%
	c) Concerned basic skills (math, writing, speaking, listening) development?	7.
	d) Concerned employability skills (resume, job search,	
	interviewing)?	2

- 14. Are students in your program <u>required</u> to complete a work-study experience, cooperative education experience, or internship in business/industry as part of their training?
 - [1] No

- [4] Yes, seven to twelve weeks
- [2] Yes, up to two weeks
- [5] Yes, thirteen to twenty-four weeks
- [3] Yes, three to six weeks
- [6] Yes, over twenty-four weeks
- 15. Do the employers who supervise the work experiences of your students influence the grades those students receive?
 - [1] No. our program does not usually get involved with work experience programs
 - [2] No
 - [3] Yes, employers recommend grades to the coordinator(s)
 - [4] Yes, employers assign work experience grades
 - [5] Yes, employers and coordinators jointly agree and assign students' grades
- 16. Are individualized learning activities and experiences an integral part of your program?
 - [1] No
 - [2] Yes. when dealing with learning basic concepts/
- [3] Yes, when working in shop/lab on job skill development practice
- [4] Yes. all segments of program



17.	Wh pr	ich of the following competency-base ogram?	d strateg:	ies are	used in	your
	a)	Our particular program is not competency-based and we do not use these competency-based strategies	[9]	(Go to	item 18)	
			Yes	M	-	
	b)	Progress charts	[1]		<u>o</u> 2]	
		Mastery charts	[1]		2] 2]	
		Computer recording	[1]		2] 2]	
		Standardized written tests	[1]	_	2] 2]	
		Standardized skills performance tests	[1]		2]	
	g)	Informal teacher judgments	[1]	ī	2]	
	h)	Teacher constructed written tests	[1]	_	2]	
	i)	Teacher constructed skills	[1]		2]	
		performance tests	L-3	<u>.</u>	~,	
	j)	Judgments or ratings by employers	[1]	ſ	2]	
	k)	Other (Specify:)	[1]	_	2] 2]	
			t-3		-,	
	On	v Issues average, how much influence do each	of the fo	11owing	factors	have on
	det	ermining faculty salaries?				
					Only to	None
			A great		a minor	(Does
	- \	0.44.	deal So	mewhat	extent	not apply)
	B)	Quality of teaching	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	p)		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	c)	Service to the community	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	d) e)		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	f)	Interactions with employers		[2]	[3]	[4]
			[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	g) h)	Full-time or part-time statu.	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
		Number of courses taught Level of education	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	i)		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	1,	wesesich scrivities	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
19.	Ho an	w often do you visit the classroom i d temporary staff per grading period	nstructio (quarter	nal peri or seme	iod for pester?)	ermanent .
		Permane	nt Staff		Tempora	ry Staff
a) A	nno	unced visits per			<u> </u>	, Dear
8	rad	ing period				
b) u	nan	nounced visits per				
8	rad	ing period			-	
20.	Do re	es yr `program/department have a fo quirement for instructors?	rmal prof	essional	. develop	ment
	[1 [2] Yes-> Please describe:	<u> </u>			
		4				

- 21. What is your departmental budget for professional development activities for the 1986-87 academic year?
- 22. How large was your program's instructional staff last year and how many of your instructional staff from last year (1985-86) are teaching or will teach this year?

	Permanent a	staff	Temporary	or adjunct	
.	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	
a) Taught sometime during 1985-86					
b) Will teach sometime during 1986-87					

Institutional Goals

23. In your institution, what degree of importance is attached to each of the following goals? (Check one per goal)

					Not
		Very		Not too	at all
	Goals	Important	Important	Important	Important
a)	Prepare students to be good citizens	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	Develop basic skills	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
c)	Develop students' abilities to solve problems and think critically	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
đ)	Prepare students to be competent consumers	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
e)	Prepare students for further schoolin	g [1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
f)	Provide in-school training for specific occupations	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
g)	Give students a broad, general career reparation background	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
h)	Place students in jobs as they leave school	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

24. Do you agree or disagree with each of the following factors in terms of their influence on curriculum and instruction at your institution? Feel free to add comments to qualify or explain a rating. DO NOT FEEL COMPELLED TO COMMENT ON EVERY ITEM.

Factors	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	No Opinion	Agree	Strongly Agree
 a) Inadequate student preparation in basic skills restricts cur- riculum offerings and instruc- tional delivery COMMENTS: 	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
b) Use of part-time or adjunct in- structional staff limits effective instruction COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]



		Strongly Disagree	Disagree	No Opinion		Strongly Agree
c)	Outdated facilities or equipment restrict curriculum offerings or instructional content COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
d)	Resources spent on noninstructional purposes (e.g., security, maintenance) seem excessive and restrict our instructional missio COMMENTS:	[1] on	[2]	[2]	[4]	[5]
e)	Student discipline restricts instructional delivery COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
f)	Because a high percentage of students work, they have limited time to spend on studying outside of class and this constrains instructional programs COMMENTS:	. [1]	[2]	.[3]	[4]	[5]
g)	Collective bargaining/ unionization of faculty re- strict curriculum offerings COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5] '
h)	Inadequate student preparation in science and mathematics restrict curricula and instruct: COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
i)	Community, faculty, or student pressures restrict our ability to cancel certain course offering COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
j)	Inadequate institutional funding restricts curricula and instruct: COMMENTS:		[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
k)	Competition for students from other educational institutions or the military cause us to offer certain programs that we otherwise wouldn't COMMENTS:	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5] .
1)	Our open-entry policy restricts program offerings COLMENTS:	[1] 6	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]



<u>Facilities</u>

25.	W(lease rank order the the culd most improve your panked 1.)	ree most program.	import (The	tant f most	acilities/equ	ipment yould h	ou feel e Rank
	b) c) d) e) f) g)	Classroom renovation/: Larger laboratory fact More modern laboratory Instructional equipment Instructional demonstructional demonstructional Office space Office equipment (e.g. Other:	ilities y equipment such a ration eq	ent is A-V _i vipmen	tmo	dels	у)	
26.	W P	hat is the approximate rogram by business or i	value of industry	facil	ities he la	or equipment st three year	donated	to your
	[3	No donations received \$1 - \$5,000 \$5,000 - \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$25,000	l over th	at per	[5] [6]	f time \$25,000 - \$5 \$50,000 - \$1 Greater than	00,000	
Stu	den	ts						
27.	In	your program, about wh			of the	e students ar	e	
	-	Females? Males?	X	3	TOTAL	L = 100%		
	d) e)	White? Black? Hispanic? Other minorities?		}	TOTAL	Z = 100%		
	g)	Handicapped?		-				
	h)	Limited English Proficienct (LEP/ Bilingral)?	%					
	i)	Economically disadvan- taged?	%					
	j)	JTPA clients?	%					
•	k)	Single parents?	%					

_	. wher becomende of Jour Students Lece	eive the fo	llowing spec	cial serv	ices?
	a) Developmental instruction-basic re	odine	~		
	b) Developmental instruction-basic ma	aging —			
	c) Pre-tech courses	tn	%		
	1) We take the courses		2		
	d) More individualized and intensive				
	counseling and follow-through from	1			
	departmental staff	•	~		
	a) Special technical and the		%		
	e) Special tutorial and/or related ty	res of			
	assistance (peer tutoring, e.g.)	-			
Pro	gram Improvement				
	_				
29.	Over the past two years, has your dep	artment/pro	gram undert	aken anv	of the
	following activities or policy change	ຣ?	0	uny	OZ CHE
	a) Transpared completes			Yes	No
	a) Increased completion requirements			[1]	[2]
	b) Implemented competency testing for	completion	1	[1]	[2]
	c) Increased entrance requirements fo	r process	•		
	d) Stiffened grading standards	r brogram		[1]	[2]
	o) Prolicials desired	_		[1]	[2]
	e) Explicitly decided to increase emp	hasis on ba	sic skills	[1]	[2]
		side vour		[1]	[2]
	department/program	, , , , , , ,		[+]	ركا
	g) Stiffened hiring standards for ins				
	h) Placed appoint and the formula to the	tructors/18	carty	[1]	[2]
	h) Placed special emphasis on retention	on of speci	.a1	[1]	[2]
	needs students				
Per	sonal and Job Characteristics				
	and our organizations			•	
30.	During 1985-86 academic ye (September	ar-Tunal t		_	
	hours did you teach?	er-oane), u	ow many cou	rses and	credit
	Courses	Quarter S	watom		f
	Credit hours				[1]
		Semester			[2]
		Other:			[3]
31.	What is the average size of the classe	es vou toud	h2		
				st	udents
32.	Have you received training in any of t	he following	ng areas?		
	a) Manakina Al I I	Yes	<u>No</u>		
	a) Teaching the handicapped	[1]	[2]	•	
	b) Working with and teaching Limited	[1]	[2]		
	English Proficiency students	1-1	[2]		
	(LEP/Bilingual)				
	(ppr/prringgar)				
	c) Teaching disadvantaged and dropout	[1]	[2]		
	prone students		L-J		
	d) Working with and teaching students	Fe3	703		
	non-transitioned teaching students	in [1]	[2]		
	nontracitional programs				
	e) Tegaming basic skills in your	[1]	[5]		
	subject area	[]			
	f) Addressing the needs of single	P.4 •	P-9		
	parents on media or single	[1]	[2]		
	parents				



33. In addition to the hours you teach during a typical week, about how many hours outside of class do you spend doing each of the following activities? (IF UNSURE, GIVE YOUR BEST ESTIMATE.) HOURS SPENT: Over 9-12 13-20 20 a) Official office hours [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] b) Completing forms and administrative [1] [2] [3] [6] [4] [5] paperwork c) Frepare instructional periods, [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] composing tests, grading papers, etc. d) Counseling students - personal problems [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] e) Counseling students - career plans [2] [1] [3] [4] [5] [6] f) Tutoring and working with students who [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] need special help g) Contacting employers on students' [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] behalf and visiting students at worksites h) Undertaking research activities in [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] your subject area i) Extra-curricular activities (including [2] [1] [3] [4] [5] [6] coaching) j) Working - self-employed [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] k) Working - employer other than this [1] [2] 13] [4] [5] [6] institution (not self-employed) 1) Background reading in your subject area [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] (e.g., journals, books, periodicals) m) Other background reading (e.g., changes [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] in education, equity issues, teaching special stulents) n) Developing alternative activities and [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] materials to better meet the needs of students who require special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students o; Obtaining additional professional [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] training 34. When were you born? month year 35. What is your sex? [1] Female [2] Male 36. What is your ethnic group? (Check one) [1] American Indian or Alaskan Native [5] White, not of Hispanic [2] Asian American or Pacific Islander origin [3] Black, not of Hispanic origin [6] Other [4] Hispanic 37. Po you have the following degrees, and if so, in what disciplines? (ANSWER ALL THAT APPLY) Discipline(s) a) Associate degree b) Bachelor's degree c) Master's degree d) Doctorate . 169

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- 38. In what year did you complete your highest level of education as noted in Question 37?
- 39. How many years of experience have you had as a teacher or faculty member on either a part- or full-time basis-

(a) At the elementary or econdary le (b) At two-year community colleges or	Years Full-time vel? voc-tech	Years Part-time
institutions? (c) At proprietary schools?		*
(d) At four-year colleges or universi	ties?	
(e) Other		

EMPLOYMENT HISTORY

(Please include administrative and instructional positions.)

		40. Current job	41. Lest Job	42. Second Last job	43. Third last Job
8	Starting date	month year	month year	month year	month year
b)	Ending^date	I NA I	month year	l anth year	month year
c]	Occupation; Job duties	i 			
d)	Name of insti- tution; firm				
•}	Last [or current] wage or salary	s par [1] hour [3] month [2] wask [4] year	per [1] hour [3] month [2] week [4] year	per [1] hour [3] month [2] week [4] year	\$per [1] hour [3] month [2] week [4] year
f)	Supervisory duties [responsible for performence/selery appreciat for 1 or more individuals]	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no		[1] yes
g)	Covered by collective agreement	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	1 1	[1] yes [2] no

YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE QUESTIONNAIRE. THANK YOU.



FACULTY

Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination

The National	Center	for	Research
in Vocation	nal Educ	catio	on
The Ohio Sta			
			•

Sponsored by:

Office of Vocational and Adult Education U.S. Department of Education

Why we need your help....

Conducted by:

Your institution has been selected for a national study of postsecondary occupational education. You have been selected as a representative of your institution to help with that study. Your ansers to the questions that follow are very important. They will help provide a basis for describing accurately the occupational education offered in postsecondary institutions and should also provide support for future program improvements.

How you can help....

On the pages that follow you will find a number of questions that relate specifically to the courses you teach, the kinds of students that attend your institution, and characteristics about you and your job. These questions can be answered quickly by placing an "X" or a check mark " in the "[3]" next to your answer or by filling in the blank spaces provided. (See the examples shown in the box below.) Please answer all the questions as accurately as possible. Please use a pen to mark your responses.

EXAMPLE 1: O Nationally, about what percentage of high school students drop out each year? [1] Between 4% and 8% [2] Slightly less than 15% About 28% [4] Over 50% EXAMPLE 2: O About what percentage of the students in your institution are: (a) Females? (b) Males? 53 % (b) Males? 7

When you have completed your questionnaire. (a) fold it in half, (b) staple or tape it together, and (c) return it to the institutional liaison whose name is listed below. Your participation in this study is voluntary. In addition, the information you provide will be treated in the strictest confidence; no data will be associated with the name of an individual or institution in any project-related reports or other form of information dissemination. All data will be aggregated across individuals and institutions and described only at the national level.

INSTITUT	TAL LI	AISON:			Name:				
WOULD YOU	LIKE A	SUMMARY	REPORT O	F OUR	STUDY?	[]	YES	[]	NO



1.	Name:					
2.	Institution:					
3.	Program:			•		
Teac	ching Load					
4.	During 1986-87 academic year (September - courses and total credit hours will you to	June),				
	Type of gradiny period [1] Quarter System [2] Semesters [3] Other:					rses lit hours
5.	On average, how many hours per week are yo hours)? (Include labs and discussion per office hours.)	ou assi iods.	gned Exclu	to tea	ch (co parat i	ontact ion time,
6.	What is the average size of the classes ye	ou tead	h h?	ours stud	ents	 -
7.	About how many undergraduate and graduate subject area that you most frequently tead	ch?				
	(a) Undergraduate courses(b) Graduate courses		[1]	[2]	[3]	1-15 15+ [4] [5] [4] [5]
8.	Have you taught courses in a different dep	partmen	t in	the la	st two	years?
	[1] Yes What department(s)					
9.	Do you have state certification to teach?	If so	, for	how 1	ong?	
	[9] State does not require certification ((Go to	quest	ion 10)	
•	[1] Not certified [4] Yes, 5 - 1 [2] Yes, 1 year or less [5] Yes, 10+ y [3] Yes, 2 - 5 years		B			
Inst	ructional Methods					
10.	How much influence and control do you have areas with respect to the courses you are	e over assign	each ed to	of the	follo ?	_
	(a) Establishing a new course in your program area/department	None	[2]	[3]	[4]	A Great Deal [5]
	(b) Selecting the content, topics, and skills to be taught in specific courses	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(c) Selecting instructional techniques to be used	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(d) Selecting textbooks and other instructional materials	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]



11. How much time <u>per month</u> do you spend on average with the following groups or individuals to work on course planning and preparation, curriculum development, guidance and counseling, program/course evaluation, or other collaborative work related to instruction?

HOURS SPENT PER MONTH:

(-)	Demontración	None	1-5	6-10	11-20	20+
(B)	Department head or other supervisor	[1]	[3]	[3]	[4]	[5]
(5)	Institutional official(s) - other than those listed in "a"	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
(c)	Advisory committee	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	(E)
(b)	Other instructors	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
(e)	Guidance/counseling staff or placement staff	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5] [5]
(f)	Employers (other than on advisory committee)	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]

12. Have you had any training (inservice or preservice) in the following general areas?

(a) Teaching the handicapped (b) Working with and teaching Limited English	<u>Yes</u> [1] [1]	<u>No</u> [2] [2]
Proficiency students (LEP/Bilingual) (c) Teaching disadvantaged and at-risk students (d) Working with ani teaching students in programs nontraditional for their sex	[1] [1]	[2] [2]
(e) Teaching basic skills in your subject area (f) Addressing the needs of single parents (g) Addressing the needs of older students	[1] [1] [1]	[2] [2] [2]

13. Indicate the importance you give each of the following grading criteria when setting grades.

(a)	Absolute level of achievement	Not Important [1]	Somewhat Important [2]	Moderately Important [3]	Very Important [4]
(b)	Achievement relative to the rest of the class or all of	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(c)	your classes Individual improvement or progress over past performance	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
(d) (e)	Effort Participation in class	[1] [1]	[2] [2]	[3] [3]	[4] [4]

<u>.</u>	administer a (fill in)	eks, now many times do you usually
	(a) Major examination or stude demonstration [1] Zero [2] One [3] Two [4] Three or four [5] Five or more	[1] Zero [2] One or two [3] Three or four [4] Five to ten [5] Over ten
15.	Classifying the types of questions examination into objective, subject questions, what percentage of the pexaminations would be accounted for	ive (essay), or demonstration-type
	a) Objective% b) Subjective% c) Demonstration%>	(perform a skill that might be done in the workplace, e.g., typing tests for speed and accuracy, building a model, etc.)
16.	writing tasks to their students. I	t is beneficial to assign various n your classes, how many writing ch do you assign your students <u>during a</u>
	[1] None[2] One or two assignments[3] Three or four assignments	[4] Five or six assignments[5] Seven to ten assignments[6] Over ten assignments
17.	During a typical week, how much of and enhancing students' basic	your teaching time is spent reinforcing
	[a] Reading skills? [1] None [2] About one hour [3] Iso or three hours [4] Four to six hours [5] Over six hours	[b] Mathematical skills? [1] None [2] About one hour [3] Two or three hours [4] Four to six hours [5] Over six hours
18.	On the average, about what percenta each of the following types of acti WRITE IN *0*, THE TOTAL SHOULD EQU	ge of your classes' time is spent on vities? (WRITE IN EACH %. IF NONE, AL 100%.)
	 (a) Daily maintenance activities (s passing out materials, taking a (b) Instruction (lecturing, demonst (c) Student practice of skills (pralaboratory work, etc.) (d) Other activities (Specify: 	ttendance, breaks) % rating, discussing, etc.) %
		TOTAL= 100%



- 19. During the last year, what percentage of the students in your classes did you formally recognize for their performance (e.g., via certificates, or displaying or reading students' work)?
- 20. Do you receive student evaluations of your teaching?

[1] Yes>	How useful are they they in	Not <u>Useful</u>	Somewhat Useful	Moderately Useful	Very <u>Useful</u>	
2-2, 4.0	preparing for future courses?	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	

21. In addition to the hours you are assigned to teach <u>during a typical week</u>, about how many hours <u>cutside of class</u> do you spend doing each of the following activities? (IF UNSURE, GIVE YOUR PRST ESTIMATE.)

HOURS SPENT:

	HOURS SPENT:				_	
Official office house	0	1-4	<u>5-8</u>	9-12	13-20	0ver 20
Completing forms and administrative	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4] [4]	[5] [5]	[6] [6]
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
problems	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
Tutoring and working with students who need special help	[1] [1]	[2] [2]	[3] [3]	[4] [4]	[5] [5]	[6] [6]
Contacting employers on students' behalf and visiting students at worksites	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
Undertaking research activities in your subject area	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
(including coaching)	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
Working - employer other than the	[1] [1]	[2] [2]	[3] [3]	[4] [4]	[5] [5]	[6] [6]
Background reading in your subject area (e.g., journals, books,	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
Other background reading (e.g., changes in education, equity	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
Developing alternative activities and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students)	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
Obtaining additional professional training	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
	Counseling students - personal problems Counseling students - career plans Tutoring and working with students who need special help Contacting employers on students' behalf and visiting students at worksites Undertaking research activities in your subject area Extra-curricular activities (including coaching) Working - self-employed Working - employer other than the school (not self-employed) Background reading in your subject area (e.g., journals, books, periodicals) Other background reading (e.g., changes in education, equity issues, teaching special students) Developing alternative activities and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students) Obtaining additional professional	Completing forms and administrative paperwork Preparing instructional periods, composing tests, grading papers, etc. Counseling students - personal problems Counseling students - career plans Tutoring and working with students who need special help Contacting employers on students' behalf and visiting students at worksites Undertaking research activities in your subject area Extra-curricular activities [1] (including coaching) Working - self-employed Working - employer other than the school (not self-employed) Background reading in your subject area (e.g., journals, books, periodicals) Other background reading (e.g., [1] changes in education, equity issues, teaching special students) Developing alternative activities [1] and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students) Obtaining additional professional [1]	Official office hours Completing forms and administrative paperwork Preparing instructional periods, composing tests, grading papers, etc. Counseling students - personal problems Counseling students - career plans Counseling students - career plans Counseling students - career plans Tutoring and working with students who need special help Contacting employers on students' [1] [2] behalf and visiting students at worksites Undertaking research activities in your subject area Extra-curricular activities (including coaching) Working - self-employed Working - employer other than the school (not self-employed) Background reading in your subject area (e.g., journals, books, periodicals) Other background reading (e.g., [1] [2] changes in education, equity issues, teaching special students) Developing alternative activities and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students) Obtaining additional professional [1] [2]	Official office hours Completing forms and administrative paperwork Preparing instructional periods, composing tests, grading papers, etc. Counseling students - personal problems Counseling students - career plans Tutoring and working with students ho need special help Contacting employers on students' behalf and visiting students at worksites Undertaking research activities in your subject area Extra-curricular activities Extra-curricular activities (including coaching) Working - self-employed Working - employer other than the school (not self-employed) Background reading in your subject area (e.g., journals, books, periodicals) Other background reading (e.g., changes in education, equity issues, teaching special students) Developing alternative activities and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students) Obtaining additional professional [1] [2] [3]	Official office hours Completing forms and administrative paperwork Preparing instructional periods, [1] [2] [3] [4] composing tests, grading papers, etc. Counseling students - personal [1] [2] [3] [4] problems Counseling students - career plans Counseling students - career plans Counseling students - career plans Tutoring and working with students who need special help Contacting employers on students' [1] [2] [3] [4] who need special help Contacting employers on students at worksites Undertaking research activities in [1] [2] [3] [4] your subject area Extra-curricular activities Extra-curricular activities (including coaching) Working - self-employed Working - employer other than the school (not self-employed) Background reading in your subject [1] [2] [3] [4] changes in education, equity issues, teaching special students) Developing alternative activities and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students) Obtaining additional professional [1] [2] [3] [4]	Official office hours Completing forms and administrative paperwork Preparing instructional periods, etc. Counseling students - personal problems Counseling students - career plans Counseling students - career plans Counseling students myth students Tutoring and working with students who need special help Contacting employers on students' behalf and visiting students at worksites Undertaking research activities in your subject area Extra-curricular activities (including coaching) Working - self-employed Working - employer other than the school (not self-employed) Background reading in your subject area (e.g., journals, books, periodicals) Other background reading (e.g., changes in education, equity issues, teaching special students) Developing alternative activities and materials to better meet the needs of students who required special help (e.g., potential dropouts, handicapped students) Obtaining additional professional [1] [2] [3] [4] [5]



- At this institution, how many class periods have you missed (for any reason) during the past 12 months?
 - [1] No class periods
 - [2] One or two class periods
 - [3] Three or four class periods
 - [4] Five or more class periods
- 23. During the past year, how many times has your department head or any other supervisor observed your teaching?
 - [1] Never [2] Once

- [4] Three or four times
- [5] Five to mine times [6] Ten or more times

- [3] Twice
- 24. On average, how much influence do each of the following factors have on determining faculty salaries?

	,			Only to	None
		A great		a minor	(Not
		deal	Somewhat	extent	app.)
a)	Quality of teaching	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
ъ)	Professional activities	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
c)	Service to the community	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
d)	Collective bargaining agreement	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
e)	Interactions with employers	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
£)	Longevity with institution	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
g)	Full-time or part-time status	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
h)	Number of courses taught	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
i)	Educational level	ĵ <u>i</u> j	[2]	เรา	[4]
j)	Research activities	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]

Institution and Students

25. Using the scale provided, please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.

		Strongly		No		Strongly
		Disagree	Disagree	Opinion	Agree	Agree
(a)	Staff members in this	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	institution don't have much school spirit.					
(b)	The use of drugs or	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	alcohol by students in					
	this institution is well					
	below the national average.					
(c)	Student tardiness and	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	class cutting are very					[0]
	prevalent in this institution	1				
(a)	The attitudes and habits my	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	students bring to class are		- - 3	[0]	,	[0]
	not conducive to learning.					

			Strongly		No		Strongly
			Disagree	Disagree	Opinion	Agree	Agree
	(e)	This institution seems	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
		like a big family.		- -			[5]
	(£)	There is very little	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
		cooperative effort among			[0]	[4]	[2]
		this school's staff					
		members and students.					
	(0)	A very positive "climate"	543	503	***		
	101	exists in this institution.	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(h)	Choff members in this institution.	F4.3				
	ŽII	Staff members in this	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	15)
		institution have many					
		opportunities for inservice					
		training and staff developmen	ıt.				
	_						
26.	In	the classes you teach, about w	hat perce	ntage of	the stud	ente e	**A
	(a)	Females?	•	%)	TOTAL =	100%	116
	(b)	Males?		$-\frac{x}{x}$	1011111 -	100%	
				_~ /			
	(c)	White?		or			
		Black?		- ^変 う			
	1 1	Hispanic?		_% {	TOTAL =	100%	
				2			
	(1)	Other minorities?		<u>゙</u> ゚゚゚゙゙゙゙゚゚゚ヺ゚			
	(g)	Handicapped?	_	Ø %			
				_			
	(h)	Limited English Proficient?		7			
		(LEP/Bilingual)		_~			
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	(i)	Economically disadvantage		œ			
	•	and a supplied to the supplied		_%			
	(4)	JTPA clients?		~			
	(3)	orra crienca:		_%			
	(1-)	Cinala namenta		_			
		Single parents?		_%			
	(1)	Ohu I					
	(1)	Students over ege 24		_%			
_	_						
Prog:	ram C	haracteristica					
27.	(a)	Approximately what percentage	of the st	udents wi	ho enter	the	
		occupational program in which	vou each	leave be	efore the	or fini	ah?
			, tout.	. ICUVC D	erore cue	=y 11111	rent
		% leave the program, but	t not the	Tookon!			
		% leave the program and	the sets	SCHOOT			
	•	a zeste the program and	the school)1			
	(b)	Annrovimately what named to	-51			_	
	(0)	Approximately what percentage	or studen	ts did no	ot intend	i to co	omplete
		the program when they enrolled		<u>,</u> Z			
28.	۸	0011 of many cases to a					
cQ,	wie	any of your students individue	als who ha	d previou	ısly left	the	
	inst	itution and have returned to a	school (ei	ther on t	heir own	or th	rough
	the	auspices of JTPA or some other	r program)	?			5
	[1]		l Yes, ab		% of on	r stud	ents
		•	, _,		_~ 3. 00	- stat	CHES



29.	Rank the following goals in terms of the e occupational program area. Rank the most second most important as "2," and so on t important. (WRITE IN YOUR RANKS. DO NOT	important hrough "8	goal	as "1,"	1 44-	our
	(a) To place students in jobs related to t when they leave				Ī	Rank
	(b) To provide students with the competence	ios mondo	a		-	
	to secure jobs (e.g., job search skill	s. interv	u iewina	-)		
	(c) To place students in jobs (regardless	of their	traini	ino	-	
	relatedness) when they leave			_		
	(d) To anhance students' awareness of the they could prepare	various j	obs fo	or which	· -	•
	(e) To provide opportunities for students occupational areas	to explor	e vari	ious	_	
	(f) To help students develop a strong work of industriousness and responsibility)	ethic (e	·g., 8	sense	_	
	(g) To enhance and reinforce students' bas math, reading)	ic skills	(e.g.	. hasio	- :	
	(h) To promote access and equity for stude	nts			-	
30.	Generally, do more students apply for entr in which you teach than there are openings	y into the	e occu progra	pations m?	1 pro	gram
	[1] No	[3] Yes,	IID to	· + +-	m 0.0 m	
	[2] Yes, but only a few more	[4] Yes,	over	two tim	es mo	re
31.	Use the scale below to indicate the extent sources is used to determine the goals, concurriculum of the program in which you team	ntent. and	each I deve	of the lopment	of t	wing he A reat
		l·one				Deal
	(a) . /ur State's plan for vocational education	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(b) State occupational information coordinating committee	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(c) State employment service	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(d) Technical advisory group or committee	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(e) Surveys of local employers	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
32.	Which of the following instructional materia you were revising, updating, or upgrading which you teach?	ials/resou the occupa	rces	would ye 1 progra	ou us	e if
	(a) State instructional materials laboure	_		£43	•	_
	(a) State instructional materials laborator (b) Curriculum coordination center for your	ry		[1] Yes		No
	(c) Educational publishers (V-TECS, AAVIM, NCRVE, etc.)	region CIMC,		[1] Yes	_	No
	(d) Commercial publishers (i.e., textbook a publishers, test publishers,	and werkbo	ok	[1] Yes [1] Yes		No No
	(e) Research and development agencies (e.g. RCU, SWRL, NCRVE, etc.)	, State,		[1] Yes	[2]	No
	(f) Local teacher-made materials (your own	Or comeon	_			
	elses)	Or BOWGOII	_			

33.	Which of the following competency-based strategies do you use in the courses that you teach?
	(a) Our particular program is not competency-based [9] (Go to item 34) and we do not use these competency-based strategies
	(b) Progress charts (c) Mastery charts (d) Computer recording (e) Standardized written tests (f) Standardized skills performance tests (i) Informal teacher judgments (i) Teacher constructed written tests (i) Teacher constructed skills performance tests (i) Teacher constructed skills performance tests (j) Judgments or ratings by employers (k) Other (Specify:) [1] [2]
34.	Do you typically arrange for and supervise cooperat: - education experiences of students?
	[1] No [2] Yes, typically one student per grading period [3] Yes, typically two [4] Yes, three [5] Yes, four to six [6] Yes, more than six
35.	Are students in your program required to complete a work-study experience or internship in business/industry as part of their training?
	[1] No [2] Yes, up to two weeks [5] Yes, thirteen to twelve weeks [6] Yes, over twenty-four weeks
36.	Do the employers who supervise the work experiences of cooperative education students influence the grades those students receive?
	[1] No, our program is not part of cooperative education [2] No [3] Yes, employers recommend grades to the coordinator(s) [4] Yes, employers assign work experience grades [5] Yes, employers and coordinators jointly agree and assign students' grades
37.	To what extent do representatives of business, industry, and labor influence the following aspects of the program you teach?

		Very Little Influence			Considerable Influence		
	Determining curriculum goals and objectives	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	
(b) (c)	Determining curriculum content Assessing relevance and currentness of curriculum	[1] [1]	[2] [2]	[3] [3]	[4] [4]		

		Very Lite				iderable
	(d) Recommending programs to be offered or deleted	Influence ed [1]	[2]	[3]		<u>nfluence</u> [5]
	(e) Providing/Developing learning or training sites (e.g., co-op)	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(f) Identifying changes needed in training due to technological advances	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
	(g) Providing equipment and supplies(h) Affirmative action concerns	[1] [1]	[2] [2]	[3] [3]		[5] [5]
•	During the past three years, have you	or others	in yo	ur prog	gram	Yes.
	(a) Systematically conducted interview employers to determine their satisfies with employees who were former street	sfaction	<u>No</u> [1]	Yes, Once [2]	Yes, Twice [3]	Three+ Times [4]
	<pre>in your program? (b) Systematically conducted interview former students in your program to mine their satisfaction with the they received?</pre>	deter-	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	(c) Systematically developed learning, sites (e.g., coop, work-study, carexploration) in your community?		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
•	In general, how current and up-to late available in the occupational program	e are the e	equipm You te	ent and ach?	i materi	ials
	[1] Very current, up-to-date[2] Current, but not the latest	[3] Somewh				oded ·
•	Are individualized teaching/learning a integral part of the occupational prog	activities gram in whi	and e	xperier u teach	nces an n?	
	[2] Yes, when dealing with	Yes, when job skill. Yes, all s	devel	opment	practio	
•	Are any of the following kinds of spec students in your program who are havin	cial servic ng problema	es mad		∴able t	
	 (a) Developmental instruction - basic (b) Developmental instruction - basic (c) Pre-tech courses (d) More individualized and intensive and follow-through 	math	3	Yes [1] [1] [1] [1]		No [2] [2] [2] [2]
	(e' Special tutorial and/or related ty assistance, (e.g., peer tutoring)	pes of		[1]		[2]

38。

39.

40.

41.

Per	sonal Characteristics
42.	When were you born? / month year
43.	What is your sex? [1] Female [2] Male
44.	What is your ethnic group? (Check one)
	[1] American Indian or Alaskan Native [2] Asian American or Pacific Islander [3] Black, not of Hispanic origin [6] Other
45.	a) What is the discipline and <u>highest</u> level of education you have completed?
	[1] High school diploma [2] Some college - no certificate [3] Associate degree [4] Bachelor's degree [5] Bachelor's degree plus some graduate work [6] Master's degree [7] Master's degree plus additional graduate work [8] Doctorate
	b) Have you received non-school based training in the subject areas you teach (e.g., apprenticeship, on-the-job training)?
	[1] Yes. Please explain.
	[2] No
46.	In what year did you complete your highest level of education as noted in Question 45? year
7.	How many years of experience have you had as a teacher or faculty member on either a part- or full-time basis
	(a) At the elementary or secondary level? (b) At two-year community colleges or voc-tech institutions? (c) At proprietary schools?
	(d) At four-year colleges or universities?



			<u> </u>		
	48. Current or most	49. Second to lest	50. Third to lest	51. Fourth to last	52. Fifth to last
a] Starting Data	month year	month year	month year	month year	month year
b) End Date	N/A	month year	month year	month year	
c) Occupation; Job Duties					month year
d) Name of institu- tion; Firm					
e) Last [or current) waga or salary	\$ per [1] hour [2] week [3] month [4] year	[1] hour [2] week [3] month [4] yeer	\$ per per	[1] hour [2] week [3] wonth [4] year	8
f) Supervisory dut- ies (Responsible for performance/ salery eppraisal for 1 or more individuals)	(1) yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no
g) Covered by col- lective bargain- ing agreement	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	[1] yes [2] no	(1] yes cn [2]

YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE QUESTIONMAIRE. THANK YOU. SIGN THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATION AND RETURN THE QUESTIONNAIRE TO THE LIMISON LISTED AT THE BOTTOM OF THE 1ST PAGE, YOU WILL RECEIVE A CHECK FOR \$10 FROM THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY IN 2-3 WEEKS.

I certify that I have completed the Faculty questionnaire for the Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination project.

Signed	Data	Social Security No.
Print		
Address		
City		
State Zip		

STUDENTS

Postsecondary Occupational Education Delivery: An Examination

Conduct	ed by	:
---------	-------	---

Sponsored by:

The National Center for Research in Vocational Education The Ohio State University

Office of Vocational and Adult Education U.S. Department of Education

Why we need your help....

Your institution is helping in a national study of postsecondary occupational education. You have been selected as a representative student at your institution to help with that study. Your answers to the questions that follow are very important. They will help provide a basis for describing accurately the occupational education offered in postsecondary institutions and should also provide support for future program improvements.

How you can help....

On the pages that follow you will find a number of questions that relate specifically to yourself and your family, your work experience, and your educational goals and background. These questions can be answered quickly by placing an "X" or a check mark "/" in the "[3]" next to your answer or by filling in the blank spaces provided. (See the examples shown in the box below.) Please answer all the questions as accurately as possible. Please use a pen to mark your responses.

EXAMPLE 1:

EXAMPLE 2:

- o Nationally, about what percentage of high school students dropout out each year?
- o About what percentage of the students in your institution are:

[1.] Between 4% and 8%

- (a) Females?

[2] Slightly less than 15%

- (b) Males?
- 47 %

- About 28%
- [4] Over 50%

When you have completed your questionnaire, (a) fold it in half, (b) staple or tape it together, and (c) return it to the institutional liaison whose name is listed below. Again, we want to note that your participation in this study is voluntary. In addition, the information you provide will be treated in the strictest confidence; no data will be associated with the name of an individual or institution in any project-related reports or other form of information dissemination. All data will be aggregated across individuals and institutions and described only at the national level.

INSTITUTIONAL LIAISON

Name:	
Address:	
-	



1.	Name:		
2.	Institution:		
3.	What is (are) your major p	orogram(s): _	
Back	ground		
4.	When were you born?		
5.	What is your sex?	month [1] Female [2] Male	year
6.	What is your ethnic backgr	cound?	
	[1] American Indian or[2] Asian American or F[3] Black, not of Hispa	acific Island	e [4] Hispanic ler [5] White, not of Hispanic origin [6] Other
7.	Which of the following bes	t describes tl	he place where you live?
	[1] A rural or farming [2] A small city of les [3] A medium-sized city [4] A suburb of a medium [5] A large city (100,0) [6] A suburb of a large [7] A very large city ([8] A suburb of a very [9] A military base or	s than 50,000 (50,000 ~ 100 m-sized city 00 ~ 500,000) city over 500,000) large city	people that is not a suburb 0,000)
8.	What is your marital statu	s?	
	 [1] Married, spouse pres [2] Married, spouse absorbectified) [3] Widowed [4] Divorced [5] Separated [6] Never married 	sent ent in militar	ry or other reasons (not
9.	How many children do you ha	ave and what a	are their ages?
	[1] None [2] One> Age [3] Two> Ages [4] 3-4> Oldest age [5] 5+> Oldest age	and voun	ngest
10.	Do you live independently o	of your parent	ts (or gua: dians)?
	[1] Yes [2] No		



11.	Are you financially independent of your parents (or guardians)?
	[1] Yes [2] No
Educ	cational Background
12.	What type of school(s) did you attend for grades 1-8 and in high school? (MARK THE RESPONSE THAT IS TRUE FOR MOST OF THE TIME YOU WERE IN THESE GRADES. IF YOU ATTENDED MORE THAN ONE TYPE.)
	(a) Elementary and Junior High/ (b) High School (Grades 9-12) Middle School (Grades 1-8) [1] Public [1] Public [2] Private-religious affiliation [3] Private-other [3] Private-other
13.	When did you graduate from high school or get your GED equivalent?
	month year
14.	Which of the following best describes your high school program?
	[1] General [2] Academic or college prep , [3] Vocational (Occupational) preparation> [1] Agriculture [2] Business/Office [3] Distribution/Marketing [4] Health [5] Home economics [6] Technical [7] Trade or industrial
15.	Which of the following best describes your grades in high school?
	[1] Mostly A (a numerical average of 90-10C) [2] About half A and half B (85-89) [3] Mostly B (80-84) [4] About half B and half C (75-79) [5] Mostly C (70-74) [6] About half C and half D (65-69) [7] Mostly D (60-64) [8] Mostly below D (below 60)
16.	In high school, approximately how much time did you spent on homework per week?
	[1] No homework was ever assigned [2] I had homework assigned, but I usually didn't do it [3] Less than 1 hour per week [4] Between 1 and 3 hours per week [5] 3-5 hours per week (1/2 - 1 hour per night) [6] 5-10 hours per week (1 - 2 hours per night) [7] 11-15 hours per week (2 - 3 hours per night) [8] 15+ hours



17. In high school, did you participate in any of the following type of activities in or out of school? (ANSWER ALL ITEMS)

			Participated	
			actively, but	Officer
		Did not	not as officer	or
		icipate	or leader	1eader
	Varsity athletic teams	[1]		[3]
(b)	Other athletic teams	[1]	[2]	[3]
(c)	Cheer leading, pep club, majcrettes	[1]	[2]	[3]
(d)	Drama	[1]	[2]	[3]
(e)	Band, orchestra, chorus, or dance	[1]	[2]	[3]
(f)	Hobby clubs (photography, electronics	, [1]	[2]	[3]
	crafts) or school subject clubs			
	(science, business, math)			
(g)	Honorary clubs, such as National	[1]	[2]	[3]
	Honor Society		- -	
(h)	School newspaper, magazine, yearbook	[1]	[2]	[3]
(i)	Student council, student government,	[1]	[2]	[3]
	political club			
(j)	Vocational education clubs	[1]	[2]	[3]
	(FHA, FTA, FFA, DECA, FBLA, VICA)			- -
(k)	Youth organizations in the community	[1]	[2]	[3]
	(Scouts, Y) or church activities		- •	
(1)	Junior Achievement	[1]	[2]	[3]
(1)		[1]	[2]	[3]

18. Have you taken any of the following tests?

a) College Board SAT test	[1] Yes> [2] No	Combined score: [1] 400 - 600 [2] 600 - 800 [3] 800 - 1000 [4] 1000 - 1200 [5] 1200+
b) ACT test	[1] Yes> [2] No	Score: [1] less than 15 [2] 15 - 19 [3] 20 - 24 [4] 25 - 30 [5] More than 30

Current Education

19. For how many grading periods (quarters, semesters, etc.) have you attended this institution not counting this cur int one?

20	Please rank the four most important factors that influenced you to choose this institution. (The most important factor would be 1, the next most important 2, and so forth. Do not repeat rankings. If there are fewer than 4 factors, then only rank the factors that were important.)
	(a) Guidance counselor in prior school (b) Catalog's description (c) Parents advice (d) Teacher in prior school (e) Location (f) Friend or acquaintance recommendation (g) Reputation of the institution for providing high quality education and training (h) Reputation of the institution for high placement rates (i) Cost con .derations (j) Financial aid (k) It is the only institution in my state that offers the program I'm interested in
21.	Does this institution consider you a full or a part-time student? [1] Full time [2] Part-time [3] Don't know
22.	How many credit hours are you enrolled in during this grading period?
23.	How many credit hours are you planning to enroll in for the entire year? (September 1, 1986 - August 31, 1987) credit hours
24.	a) What is the cost per credit hour for the courses you are currently taking?
	b) What is the total cost for course fees over and above the charges per credit hour? \$
25.	Did you receive a loan to cover any of the costs for this year's educational expenses?
	[1] Yes [2] No
26.	Did you receive any form of financial aid for this school year such as a scholarship, grant, fellowship, assistantship, tuition waiver, or veteran's educational benefits? (MARK ALL THAT APPLY)
	[9] No (Co to Question 27)
	[1] Yes, a scholarship [2] Yes, a grant [3] Yes, a fellowship [4] Yes, an assistantship [5] Yes, a tuition waiver [6] Yes, veterans' benefits [7] Yes, JTPA/PIC [8] Yes, other (specify:)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

27.	Have you taken any of the following courses a ALL ITEMS)	t this institution	? (Answer
	a) Basic English (sometimes called developmen	<u>Yes</u> ta <u>1</u>	<u>No</u>
	or essential) b) Basic Mathematics (sometimes called develo	[1]	[2]
	or essential)	[1]	[2]
	c) A course on how to study	[1]	[2]
	d) Basic science (sometimes called pre-tech)	[1]	[2]
	e) Career education (job knowledge, job seeki	ng	,
	skills, career awareness	[1]	[2]
28.	Which of the following best describes your gr	ades in this insti	tution?
	[1] Mostly A (a numerical average of 90-10 [2] About half A and half B (85-89) [3] Mostly B (80-84) [4] About half B and half C (75-79)	0)	
	[5] Mostly C (70-74) [6] About half C and half D (65-69) [7] Mostly D (60-64) [8] Mostly below D (below 60)		
29.	made to jou spend preparing to	r	each
	week?	(course name)	-
			nours
30.	Is the time that you spend on this course more time spent on your other courses?	e, less, or about	the same as
	[1] More [3]] Less	
	[2] About the same	Don't know	
31.	What type of degree are you currently working highest type of degree you eventually plan to	toward and what is get?	s the
	Working on Pla	an to get	
	[1] Vocational certificate [1] Voc	ational certificat	:e
	[2] Associate's degree [2] Ass	ociate's degree	
	[3] Bachelor's degree [3] Bac	helor's degree	
	[4] Other (Please specify: [4] Mas	ster's degree	
	(5) Ph.		
	[5] Not working toward a degree [6] Oth)
	[7] Not	working toward a	degree

32. Do you participate in any of the following types of activities in or out of school? (ANSWER ALL ITEMS)

Participate actively, but

		not as	
	Do not	officer	Officer
Variable and the second	participate	<u>or leader</u>	or leader
varsity athletic teams	[1]	[2]	[3]
Other athletic teams	וֹנוֹ		
Cheerlesding non alab			[3]
oncerreading, pep club, majorettes	[1]	[2]	[3]
Drama	[1]		
Band orchectro chomes and laws			[3]
band, ofchestra, chords, or dance	[l]	[2]	[3]
Hobby clubs (photography, electronics,	[1]	[2]	[3]
		_	
Honorary clubs or societies	[1]	503	
Calast was made	ſτ]	[2]	[3]
school newspaper, magazine, yearbook	[1]	[2]	[3]
Student government	[1]		
	ſΙJ	[2]	[3]
	Varsity athletic teams Other athletic teams Cheerleading, pep club, majorettes Drama Band, orchestra, chorus, or dance Hobby clubs (photography, electronics, crafts) Honorary clubs or societies School newspaper, magazine, yearbook Student government	Varsity athletic teams Other athletic teams (1] Cheerleading, pep club, majorettes Drama Band, orchestra, chorus, or dance Hobby clubs (photography, electronics, [1] crafts) Honorary clubs or societies School newspaper, magazine, yearbook [1]	Varsity athletic teams Other athletic teams Cheerleading, pep club, majorettes Drama Band, orchestra, chorus, or dance Hobby clubs (photography, electronics, crafts) Honorary clubs or societies School newspaper, magazine, yearbook participate or leader [1] [2] [2] [1] [2] [2] [2] [2] [3] [4] [5]

33. Do you participate in an internship or cooperative education program that involves employment off-campus?

[1] Yes
How many hours per week do you work
[2] No (Go to question 35)
as part of the program? hours

34. Do you receive credit toward a degree for co-op work? [1] Yes [2] No

35. An individualized course is one that you take ca your own at your own speed, perhaps with assistance of a microcomputer. How many individualized courses have you taken in this institution?

[99] None

36. Do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

a)	The course work in this institution is more	Strongly Disagree [1]	Moderately Disagree [2]	Moderately Agree [3]	Strongly Agree [4]
ъ)	difficult than high school. On average, the instructors	[1]	(0)		
•	seem to care a lot about stude	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
c)	The students here have a lot	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	of school spirit.				L ',
d)	I had no idea about how hard	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	the courses would be when I er	tered.			
e)	The library facilities at this	s [1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
- \	institution are good.				
£)	The equipment at this	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	institution is good.				£ 13
g)	This institution does not place	e [1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
	as many students in jobs		- -	L- d	r .1
	after graduation as they adver	tise.			



37.	Do you feel that you will complete the program that you are in?
	<pre>[1] Yes> (Go to question 38) No, because (Mark the best answer) [2] I will probably transfer to another program in this institution [3] I will probably transfer to another institution [4] I will probably stop attending because the work is too hard [5] I will probably stop attending for financial reasons [6] I will probably stop attending because English is a second language and I am having too much difficulty [7] I will probably get a job after I complete the program [8] I will probably stop attending for other reasons (Specify:</pre>
Othe	er Colleges
38.	Have you attended any college or institution after high school prior to or while you were enrolled here?
	[1] Yes [2] No (Go to question 44)
39.	What was the name and address of the most recent postsecondary institution you attended?
40.	Dates of attendance of most recent enrollment prior to this institution?
	From/ to/ month year
41.	What was/is your major at that institution? [99] Undecided, no major
42.	Did you receive a degree? [1] Yes [2] No (Go to question 44)
43.	Which degree? [1] Vocational certificate [4] Master's degree [2] Associate degree [5] Ph.D. [3] Bachelor's degree [6] Other:
Mili	tary
	have you served or are you currently serving in the Armed Forces, including the National Guard or Reserves? [1] Yes [2] No (Go to question 49)
45.	What were the dates of your service? From/ to
	7

46.	(a) What is the name of the job you were tra	ined for?
	(b) What were/are the main activities and du	ties?
47.	Formal School	ic) did you complete? In the Job Training
	weeks [99] None	weeks 99] None
48.	How related was your training to the course pursuing?	of study you are now
	[1] Not at all related [3] Related [2] Somewhat related [4] Very related	
Emp.	oloyment History	
49.	Are you currently employed for pay?	[1] Yes [2] No (Go to question 59)
50.	When did you start working at this job?	/
51.	What is your occupation/job duties?	month year
52.	Name of employer: Type of industry:	
53.	How many hours did you work last week?	hours
54.	What is you hourly wage or salary? \$(Include tips, bonuses, commission)	per [1] hour [3] month [2] week [4] year
75.	How related is your job to the course of stud	y you are pursuing?
	[1] Not at all related [3] Related [2] Somewhat related [4] Very re	
56.	How did you find out about this job?	
	[1] Responded to an ad in the newspaper Referred by:[2] Friend or family member[3] State employment agency[:] High school teacher or counselor	[5] College/institution staff member[6] Listed in placement office[7] Other:
57.	Does your employer know that you are attending	g school? [1] Yes [2] No (Go to item 59)
58.	Does your employer typically allow you to adju hours, or duties to accomodate your school wor	ust your work schedule, rk or schedule? [1] Yes [2] No



		a)	Recruitment Source	b) Starting Oate	c) Ending Date	d] Occupation or Job Duties	a) Name of	f] Average Hours/Week	g] Relevant Current Training	h) Last jor current wag or salary)
59.	Most recent job (not in- cluding job described in ques- tion 49)	[2] [3] [4] [5]	Newspaper ad School place- ment office State employ- ment office Friend/ acquaintance Teachar/ Counselor Other	/	/			Ouring school Summers	[1] Yes [2] No	\$ pe [1] hour [2] week [3] month [4] year
60.	Sacond most recant job	[2] [3] [4] [5]	Newspaper ad School place- ment office Stata amploy- ment office Friend/ acquaintance Teacher/ Counselor Other	/	/			Ouring school Summers	[1] Yes [2] No	\$ pe [1] hour [2] week [3] month [4] year
61.	Third most recent job	[2] [3] [4] [5]	Newspaper ad School place- ment office State employ- ment office Friend/ acquaintence Teacher/ Counselor Other	/	/			Ouring school Summers	[1] Yes [2] No	\$ pe [1] hour [2] week [3] month [4] year
	Fourth most recent job	[2] [3] [4] [5]	Newspaper ad School place— ment of ica State amploy— ment office Friend/ acquaintance Teacher/ Counselor	/				Ouring school Summers	[1] Yes [2] No	\$ per [1] hour [2] week [3] month [4] year
	Fifth most recant job	[2] [3] [4] [5]	Newspapar ad School place— ment office Stata amploy— mant offica Friand/ scquaintanca Teachar/ Counsalor					Ouring		\$ per [1] hour [2] waek [3] month [4] yaar

4-6-4-

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Government-Sponsored Training

64.	Besides the jobs you just listed (or earlier jobs), have you received skill training from a government-sponsored program such as CETA, JTPA, or the Job Corps, from a <u>labor organization</u> , or from a <u>community-based</u> or <u>nization</u> such as the Urban League, an action agency, etc. (MARK ALL T APPLY)						
	[1] No (Go to question 67)[2] Yes, from CETA or JTPA[3] Yes, from a labor organization[4] Yes, from a community-based organization						
65.	What is/are the name(s) of the agencies that sponsored this training?						
66.	For the program that you attended last (most recently) a) Did you complete the program? [1] Yes [2] No, I am still enrolled [3] No						
	b) Dates of enrollment From/ to/ month year						
	c) What occupation or job were you being trained for?						
	d) Did this program provide you classroom or individualized instruction in reading, writing, or arithmetic? [1] Yes [2] No						
	e) How related was the training to the program or course of study you are currently pursuing?						
	[1] Not at all related [3] Related [2] Somewhat related [4] Very related						
67.	Do you have any of the following conditions? (MARK ALL THAT APPLY)						
	[1] Specific learning disability [2] Visual handicap (not correctable) [3] Hard of hearing [4] Deafness [5] Speech disability [6] Orthopedic handicap [7] Other physical disability or handicap Please describe:						
	[8] None of these conditions						
68.	Families may be divided into 8 groups according to how much income they receive in a year. (MARK THE INCOME RANGE THAT APPLIES TO YOUR FAMILY.)						
	[1] \$7999 or less [5] \$20,000 - 24,999 [2] \$8000 - 11,999 [6] \$25,000 - 34,999 [3] \$12,000 - 15,999 [7] \$35,000 - 49,999 [4] \$16,000 - 19,999 [8] \$50,000+						



LOCATING INFORMATION

You have completed the questionnaire. Thank you very much. We may be contacting some of our respondents in a year or two, so we would like to be certain that we have your correct name, address and phone number. We would also like to have the name, address, and phone number of a relative or individual who would be most likely to know where you are.

69.	Your Name (Please Print)
	<u> </u>
	(Last) (First) (M.I.)
70.	Your Address
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
	City State Zip
71.	Your Telephone Number
	Area Code
72.	Relative's or Contact Person's Name
	<u> </u>
	(Last) (First) (M.I)
	Person's relationship to you:
73.	Person's Address
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
	City State Zip
74.	Person's Telephone Number
Aı	ea Code
DOTIC	YOU. SIGN BELOW AND RETURN THE QUESTIONNAIRE TO THE PERSON LISTED AT THE M OF THE 1ST PAGE. YOU WILL RECEIVE A CHECK FOR \$5 FROM THE OHIO STATE RSITY IN 2-3 WEEKS.
I cer Occup	tify that I completed the Student questionnaire for the Postsecondary ational Education Delivery: An Examination project.
Signe	d: Date:
Print	ed:Social Security No.:

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